Victoria Times.

VOL. 21 VICTORIA B. C., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1895. No. 47

General Excellence of Stock
Strict Attention to Business

These are the two levers that are pushing our business along during this dull spell. When you want anything in the jewelry line or repairing on watches and jewelry, come to our store till we prove this assertion.

Challoner & Mitchell, 47 Government Street, Opposite Bank of B. C.

THE WESTSIDE

Recived this day

ONE CASE Brainerd & Armstrong's WASH SILKS

Also a Full Assortment of

Corticelli Silk Co.'s Manufactures,

COMPRISING

Knitting, Crochet, Filo, Roman,
Rope and Honitan Lace Silks.

Also Skirt Protectors, Braids, Etc.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

THE WESTSIDE, 25th February, 1895.

Special Sale

In order to make room for NEW GOODS to arrive soon we will hold a SPECIAL CLEARANCE SALE for two weeks at SURPRISINGLY LOW PRICES.

A. Gregg & Son,

TAILORS 62 YATES STREET

If your Grocer is out of

Keewatin
....Flour....

INSIST on his getting it for you and TAKE NO OTHER.

TO FREE CUBA.

An Intensely Enthusiastic Meeting in New York.

New York, Feb. 25.—An audience small in number but great in zeal met last night in the Hardman hall, Fifth avenue and Nineteenth street. They were Cubans, white and black, male and female. The object of the meeting was to collect money wherewith to buy arms for the Cubans, to be used in their expected struggle with Spain. The principal speaker was Gonzale de Quesada, a young lawyer, who has been addressing meetings of his countrymen in the Southern States, where he has collected some $60,000 for the cause. De Quesada spoke for two hours with extraordinary zeal and passion, and his vehement appeals to the patriotism of his audience were received with howls of enthusiasm. In describing his tour in the South he said:

"When I left the train at Tampa it was raining, and the rain drops reminded me of the tears of the Cuban mothers. There was thunder, and the thunder recalled the roar of cannon. There was sunshine, and the sunshine was the omen of victory. In Florida every Cuban contribited all he could, and not only the Cubans, for thirty-seven Americans in Tampa were the first to give. They contributed $1000. Will not the Cubans of New York do as much?"

"Yes, we will," cried the audience. "When ready will you fight?"

"Yes, yes, all of us," cried women and men. "Hurrah for the revolution!"

At this point the Cuban flag was waved in the back of the hall, and every one rose and shouted for fully five minutes. De Quesada ended his address with an appeal for contributions. "I will be the first," he said, flinging a roll of bills on the collection plate. Every dollar, he said, means a thousand bullets for the hearts of the Spaniards. When he sat down exhausted from his exertions there was a general rush for the collection plate and the contributors fairly tumbled over each other in their eagerness to deposit. More than one thousand dollars was collected, though there were scarcely one hundred persons present.

—There will be mass at 9 o'clock on Ash Wednesday morning at St. Andrew's Roman Catholic cathedral and distribution of the ashes. Every Wednesday and Friday evenings in Lent there will be service; on Wednesday sermon and benediction and on Friday stations of the cross and benediction.

TO-DAY'S CABLE DISPATCHES

British Naval Force After Three Days' Fighting Captures Brass Guinea.

Li Hung Chang Has a Highly Satisfactory Audience With the Emperor.

London, Feb. 25.—Henry Austin Bruce, P. C., G. C. B., first baron of Aberdare, died to-day.

Rome, Feb. 25.—The pope is still indisposed with influenza.

London, Nov. 25.—The committee of the bi-metallic league has resolved to increase its propagation fund to one hundred thousand pounds. The fund has already reached fifty thousand pounds.

Berlin, Feb. 25.—A clerical member of the reichstag has given notice of his intention to move an amendment to the anti-revolutionary bill providing fine and imprisonment on any person denying the existence of God, immortality of the soul or denying the religious character of marriage. The Cologne Gazette attacks the amendment as an outrage on human society. The paper says the next proposal of the clericals will be to impose a law to enforce the doctrine of the papal infallibility and the immaculate conception.

London, Feb. 25.—Advices received state that after three days' fighting the British naval force captured the native town of Brass Guinea on the west coast of Africa. The British loss was slight, but the natives lost heavily.

A Pekin dispatch says Li Hung Chang has had a hightly satisfactory audience with the emperor.

A Tokio dispatch says. The Chinese made an unsuccessful attack on Hai Cheng and were repulsed. The Japanese loss was six killed. The Chinese loss is uncertain, but one attacking force left one hundred dead behind them.

London, Feb. 25.—A Bombay dispatch says: The insurgent Bedouins have captured a greater portion of the city of Muscat. The sultan has fled from the palace but succeeded in retaking the eastern portion of the town. The results of the fighting are still uncertain.

FRED. DOUGLASS' FUNERAL.

The Remains of the Colored Leader Viewed by a Large Crowd.

Washington, Feb. 25.—The remains of Frederick Douglass were removed from his late residence to the Metropolitan African Methodist Episcopal church this morning where the body lay in state for some hours and was viewed by immense crowds and mourners. All the leading colored men in Washington took an active part in ceremonial observance.

Several New England Senators and representatives and a number of female suffragists were among those who attended the church. The floral tributes were beautiful.

"Tired Nature's Sweet Restorer,

Balmy sleep" is often disturbed by fits of coughing. LONDON HOSPITAL COUGH CURE insures a good night's rest.

COCHRANE & MUNN, Druggists,
Sole Agents, cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

MONEY TO LOAN

In large or small amounts on approved security.

MORROW, HOLLAND & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GO TO SAMPSON'S BOOK EXCHANGE cor. Douglas and Johnson streets; books bought, sold and exchanged.

AN ACKNOWLEDGED FACT that Winn's Tuesday night Socials are taking the lead. A nice lunch and Richardson's Orchestra. 46 Yates street, oppo. Bank B. N. A.

IF YOU WANT TO LEARN TO DANCE and learn quickly, go to Winn's Hall; 25c. a lesson; 46 Yates street, oppo. Bank B. N. A. f25-1t

TENDERS.

Tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned until Monday next, the 4th day of March, proximo, for the work of placing the line shaft in connection with the new electric light plant in position in accordance with specification which may be seen at the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
Victoria, B. C., Feb. 25th, 1895.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
AUCTIONEER.

By order of the shippers, ex "Miowera," (in bond) I will sell by

PUBLIC AUCTION

At Salesroom, Bastion Street (next to Board of Trade Building), at 11 o'clock a.m.,

Wednasday, February 27,

Three quarter casks Tizzana, red Australian wine (marked A.B.), 2 quarter casks Tizzana red Australian wine (marked M.P.). Also on other accounts—

BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

including ledgers, journals, cash books, record books, hotel registers, time books, and a general assortment of stationery.

50 BARRELS CEMENT,

200 boxes soap, 50 cases English ale, 27 cases Irish whisky, 2 cases mineral waters, 10 barrels ginger ale, golden syrup, pie fruit, Vanity Fair cigarettes, sauer kraut, etc., etc.

Red and White Currant Trees.

Terms cash

JOSHUA DAVIES,
Auctioneer.

f25

NEWS OF THE DOMINION.

Scheme for Colonizing Our Vacant Lands With Trained and Practical Farmers.

The Trial Test of the New Merryweather Fire Engine in Winnipeg.

Montreal, Feb. 25.—At a meeting of the directors of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company to-day a half-yearly dividend of 2 per cent. on the preference stock was declared, but in view of the continued and unexpectedly large decrease in earnings and the advisability of maintaining as strong a position as possible during this period of unwonted depression in business, the board decided that it would not be prudent to pay any dividend on the ordinary shares for the last half of the year 1894.

Stratford, Feb. 25.—Owing to a snowstorm traffic was suspended yesterday on all railway lines running out of Stratford except the main line west to Sarnia.

Montreal, Feb. 25.—Archbishop Fabre celebrated the 45th anniversary of his ordination to the priesthood. He said mass at St. James' and then gave communion to his mother, who is in her 88th year.

Toronto, Feb. 23.—The Dominion Grange closed its annual meeting here yesterday after electing Mr. Dawson Kennedy, of Peterboro, as Worthy Master, and agreeing to meet in London next year.

Winnipeg, Feb. 25.—Tests of the new Merryweather fire engine on Saturday resulted in quite a sensation. Everything went satisfactorily for a time, when suddenly a flue burst and operation ceased. It was found that the engine had been tampered with, and a man has been arrested on suspicion.

Toronto, Feb. 25.—The executive committee of the trades and labor council will present a petition to the Dominion parliament asking that instead of the present immigration system in Canada a scheme of military agricultural schools be established with the design of colonizing the vacant public lands with trained farmers.

Ottawa, Feb. 25.—The report that the Northwest ordinance respecting irrigation has been allowed was not strictly correct. A report to the council says it would be disallowed, but that delay should take place to allow of representations being made to the Regina authorities and their answer received. The department of justice has decided that the act is ultra vires of the assembly, because the Northwest act prohibits the assembly from chartering irrigation companies, and the effect of establishing an irrigation board in different districts is held to be equivalent to the creation of companies. One proof offered of this is that the assembly have taken advantage and brought these corporate bodies under the companies clause of the Dominion irrigation law.

THE VACANCY FILLED.

Mr. Davie Notified of His Appointment as Chief Justice.

Ottawa, Feb. 25.—Premier Davie was notified to-day by the Department of Justice that he was appointed Chief Justice of British Columbia.

The commission appointing Mr. Davie chief justice of British Columbia will issue at once.

HAPPY WITH 'EM ALL.

An Ohioan Getting Along Swimmingly with a Batch of Wives.

Gallipolis, Ohio, Feb. 25.—A rival of the Sultan of Turkey has just been discovered in East Gallipolis. He has been living here for two years with his wife and another woman who acts in that capacity, the happiest relations existing between the three. Another of his adopted wives came over from West Virginia recently, and came in on good terms, and then he had three. A few days ago another woman came there for refuge and then he had four. Everything went on swimmingly, between taking in washing and getting help from the township trustees and the "Pound" parties, until the other night when a fourteen-year-old girl appeared at the harem and sought shelter. It was given, she being very comely and the man of the house having a big heart. When she learned the rules of the institution that every new-comer had to become his wife she objected and fled. Neighbors are greatly incensed and talk of tar and feathers.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

THE POLITICAL CAULDRON

Sir John Carling Declines the Nomination for Hyman's Constituency.

The Hon. S. P. Pelletier on the Manitoba School Question —Nominations.

London, Ont., Feb. 23.—The Conservatives of this city met last night to select names to be set before a convention to be held in two weeks to nominate a candidate for the house of commons. Sir John Carling declined the nomination altogether. Major Beatty, Dr. Moorhouse and Messrs. William Jones, T. H. Smallman and Harry Macklin will go before the convention.

Aurora, Feb. 23.—Dr. Strange, of Toronto, will be the Conservative candidate in North York.

Brockville, Ont., Feb. 23.—The Recorder says Controller of Inland revenue J. F. Wood is to receive a judgeship forthwith and that Mr. John Stagg is to be the Conservative candidate for the house of commons in Brockville.

Coboconk, Ont., Feb. 23.—Mr. R. J. McLaughlin, of Lindsay, has been nominated for the commons by the Liberals of North Victoria.

Quebec, Que., Feb. 23.—Hon. Mr. Joly de Lotbiniere informed a deputation this morning that he would run for Port Neuf.

Winnipeg, Feb. 23.—A prominent Conservative says Lieut. Governor Schultz, and not A. W. Ross, is to be taken into the Dominion cabinet to succeed Hon. Mr. Daly. Mr. Schultz would make a strong man, as he is so well posted on western affairs.

Quebec, Feb. 25.—Hon. L. P. Pelletier, provincial secretary, made an important speech on the Manitoba school question yesterday, his remarks being supposed to indicate the position of the ecclesiastical authorities towards the federal government on the question. The gist of Pelletier's remarks was that remedial legislation could scarcely be expected from Laurier, but there was a strong hope for it from the Conservatives. However, individual promises of ministers could not be accepted. There must be either a session and a law passed or an immediate order in council which would bind the government after the elections, otherwise the people of Quebec could not give united support to the present government.

St. Charles, Que., Feb. 25.—Charles Champagne, lawyer, of Montreal, has received the Liberal nomination for Two Mountains.

THE BEHRING SEA AWARD.

The Amendment to Pay $425,000 Defeated.

Washington, Feb. 25.—When the amendment to the general deficiency bill making the appropriation for paying the $425,000 awarded by the Paris tribunal to compensate Canadian sealers was reached it was agreed to limit the debate thereon to two hours. Breckinridge supported the amendment. The amendment to pay $425,000 to Great Britain in settlement of Behring Sea award carried by a vote of 95 to 85.

Breckenridge reviewed the history of the claim and final award by the Paris tribunal and said he could not see how the payment of the claim could be avoided without putting the country in a humiliating position.

An amendment to the general deficiency bill appropriating $425,000 to pay damages to Canadian sealers under the findings of the Paris tribunal was adopted by a vote of 94 ayes to 86 nays.

The committee rose and the bill was reported to the house. The Behring sea amendment on a yea and nay vote was rejected. Yeas 112, nays 143. The vote was mainly on party lines, the Republicans and Populists opposing it and the Democrats generally favoring it.

MARDI-GRAS.

New Orleans en Fete for the Annual Demonstration.

New Orleans, Feb. 25.—The city is filled with visitors from all parts of the country who have come to enjoy the festivities. There are more strangers here than on any previous occasion. The weather is fine and everything gives promise that the carnival this year will be a brilliant success. The Cleveland Greys of Cleveland, Ohio, arrived here yesterday afternoon. The Greys have been selected as a body guard of His Majesty Rex and were received with all the pomp and ceremony due a command upon which such a distinction has been conferred.

HE FAVORS SOUTHAMPTON.

If left to Huddart the English Port will be Southampton.

London, Feb. 25.—James E. Huddart, promoter of the new Canadian Pacific line of steamships to Australia said at a recent banquet that if the selection was left to him Southampton would be the English port of the new line. He declared that the American steamship line had judged the matter accurately when it chose Southampton, which was making itself felt against Liverpool.

THE HAWAIIAN REBELS.

Nobody Has Been Executed Yet and Queen Lil Convicted for Treason.

Wholesale Deportations to be Made —American League Under Suspicion.

Honolulu, Feb. 17.—Per steamer Gaelic to San Francisco, Feb. 23.—The government has caused the arrest of 381 persons since the 6th of January. Of that number 94 have been tried before the military court. Sentences in but 24 cases have been made public—twenty-three natives charged with treason, and V. V. Ashford, charged with misprision of treason. Fifty-five men have been released by the authorities and the military court acquitted two. Three men, Cranstoune, Johnston and Mueller, were deported. The following persons have been allowed their liberty with the understanding that they will leave the country within a reasonable space of time: John Radin, Fred Harrison, F. H. Redward, L. J. Levey, Arthur White, G. L. Ritman, J. C. White, P. J. Camorinos, M. C. Bailey, A. McDowell, J. Carianne, Fred Wondenberg and James Brown. The latter have signed an agreement that they will not return to this country until permitted by the government. The chances are that they will not be allowed to place their feet on Hawaiian soil again. Several of the men have seen British Commissioner Hawes. He gave them to understand that he would not interfere in their behalf, as they admitted their guilt when they signed the agreement.

V. V. Ashford was turned over to the marshal on the 15th inst. He was tried on the charge of misprision of treason and found guilty. He has been sentenced to one year in jail and to pay a fine of $1000. Ashford came to Honolulu about 1884, and has been a practicing attorney since that time, and until recently in partnership with his brother, C. W. Ashford. He was banished several years ago for conspiracy in the monarchy.

Twenty-three natives have been sentenced on a charge of treason. The sentences vary from five to ten years. In each case a fine of $5000 was imposed, but was remitted by President Dole. The military court is still sitting and its work drags along slowly. About two hundred cases are yet to be tried.

Prince David has been tried and found guilty. His sentence has not yet been made public. Twenty-four natives have received sentences of imprisonement ranging from five to eight years. The degrees of punishment meted out to the conspirators found instant favor among the people generally, though some were of the opinion that Bikipane at least should have been summarily dealt with, he having received but ten years.

The Hawaiians have commenced to work in earnest for annexation. They have been informed that all political prisoners will be freed in the event of closer relations with the United States. Martial law is still in force. In all probability the hours will be extended until 11.30 at night so as not to interfere with social functions. A strong fight is being made to save the neck of W. H. Rickard, one of the condemned men. He is a member of the Masonic order. That body has interested itself in his behalf. The government is very reticent regarding the date set for the executions to take place.

Since the overthrow of the monarchy the American league has been a power, but the events of the past two weeks have proved that its prestige has gone. Its president, Timothy Murray, is now suspended, and a watch is kept on his movements. He and his men assisted the government in the late rebellion, but now their loyalty is questioned. Murray and Attorney-General Smith had some trouble at the police station, and for a few moments it looked as though Murray would be placed in jail. He denies that he is disloyal to the government, and has sent a protest to President Dole. The league holds secret meetings, but it is understood the authorities will put a stop to that. The different military companies have passed resolutions requesting the discharge of all government employes whose loyalty can be questioned. It is not thought their request will receive much attention and the men may resign in a body. There is much talk of internal dissensions, which leads the friends of Princess Kaiulani to hope that she will be some day placed on the throne. It is a remote possibility, however.

In regard to the dispatch sent by Secretary Gresham to Minister Willis about demanding a delay of execution, Attorney-General Smith stated this morning that the government had no intention of executing the condemned men until the military court concluded its labors and every fact bearing on the case was brought out. Mr. Smith would not state what the attitude of the government would be in case Willis made such a demand. He intimated, however, that nothing would be done until the United States government was in possession of the facts in each case.

The attorney-general stated that the queen has been found guilty, but that her sentence has not been approved as yet by President Dole. According to the attorney-general she will not be sent out of the country. The latest sentence approved by the president is that of John Bowlers. He is given five years and fined $5000 on a charge of misprision of treason.

The steamer Australia, leaving here on the 23rd inst., will carry away a number of men who took part in the rebellion, and who are leaving on their own account sooner than stand trial. A more contagious fever of rumor news never struck the country than that which swept over the town previous to the departure of the Mariposa. The story ,as it spread from mouth to mouth, was rather feasible, and ran something like the following:

The government had decided to deport some ten prisoners, among them being Weidemann, Greig and Marshall. The presence of Judge Weidemann on the wharf with a hand satchell and a guitar added credence to the Weidemann part of the story. The government, it was said, was prepared to carry out its plans, when Minister Willis protested against men convicted of political crimes being put on board a vessel flying the American flag. Furthermore, the recent immigration laws of the United States would not permit any such men to enter the country. In pursuance of this idea, Consul Mills has held the clearance papers of the vessel until assurance was received that no attempt would be made to put these men on board. President Dole and Ministers King and Smith were on the steamer, and got together in the captain's cabin. There they were rumored to have come to a decision that they had better let the matter lay over till some more auspicious season. When asked regarding the alleged departure, Attorney-General Smith said: "I can't see how such a thing got started. We have not thought of such a thing as deporting any men who have been before the court. I think we have more use for Greig and Weidemann here than in the United States. There is no foundation whatever for the rumor."

When Minister Willis was asked as to whether he had received any notice of an intended deportation of prisoners he replied:

"No, I was informed quite to the contrary. I did not enter and protest or make a request to hold the steamer. In fact, I have not yet filed the protest consequent to the deporting affair last Saturday. It is farthest from my purpose or desire to take any action which would tend to embarrass the government. I have the most friendly feelings towards the officials. I know they are pressed with many difficult questions and are using their best judgment in the solution of the problems. Of course it is my duty to look after the interests of American citizens, but I most certainly have no intention of making any unnecessary trouble for the representatives of the government in so doing. I had no information that a deportation was intended to-day."

From all accounts it was very fortunate for the peace of the community that no attempt was made to send the three young men out of the country. Armed men belonging to the Citizens' Guard and other bodies were on the wharf to prevent the deportation of either Greig, Weidemann or Marshall.

The opera house was completely destroyed by fire on the 12th inst. It was owned by John D. Spreckels and Wm. G. Irwin. They carried $12,000 insurance.

CHINA'S LATEST FAILURE.

The Negotiations for Peace End in a Miserable Fizzle.

Tokio, Feb. 6.—Per steamer Gaelic to San Francisco, Feb. 23.—China's attempt to negotiate for peace proved even more fruitless than had been anticipated. The Japanese are greatly disappointed at the failure of the Chinese government to give its envoys proper power to negotiate for peace. The Tsung Li Yamen were warned by all the foreign diplomats, and especially Minister Dun at Tokio, that unless the envoys were given full power their errand would be worse than useless. The most positive pledges were given that the envoys would be genuine plenipotentiaries, with full power to speak for their sovereign, and it is believed that stronger pledges were given Mr. Foster.

The embassy came with the utmost confidence, with a small colony of attendants, and food and clothing that indicated an indefinite stay. Yet at the first glance their credentials made it evident that their errand was a mere pretense. Their duties were so imperatively limited that they could only listen to the conditions which Japan might propose, report them to Pekin and await further instructions. This being the case the Japanese could only dismiss them without even discussing the peace proposition with them.

The envoys were given two audiences by the Japanese commission, and Mr. Foster was not allowed to be present at either. On February 1 their credentials were examined and on the following day they were informed that their errand was useless. Three days after their arrival in Hiroshima the envoys were preparing to return to China.

It is reported that Mr. Foster's annoyance was so great that an open quarrel took place between him and his clients. The angry dispute is said to have been overheard by crowds on the street on which the Chinese were lodged. Though the story is doubtless exaggerated, it appears to be true that the American counsellor contemplated leaving the embassy in Hiroshima and straightway returning to the United States; but this decision was reversed, and when the Chinese started on February 4 for Nagasaki he accompanied them to that port, with an additional promise to go still further if his assistance were found indispensable.

FROZEN TO DEATH.

Schooner Emma S. Adrift on the Ocean With Her Crew Dead.

New York, Feb. 25.—Steamship Brunnell, from Bermuda, sighted the Yarmouth schooner Emma S. on February 13. The crew seemed to be in the rigging and on the decks, strangely motionless. After sailing to windward two miles the Brunnell saw the British ensign with the union down, slowly mount to the masthead on the Emma S. Capt. Henderson signaled: "Do you want to abandon the vessel?" No response came. Then 'What do you want?" was signaled. The Brunnel ran within 100 feet of the schooner but there came no reply, and the crew was still motionless. After waiting in a dangerous sea six hours the Brunnell steamed off. It is the opinion of shipping men that the crew was frozen to death.

GOOD,
BAD,
INDIFFERENT.

There are many kinds of matches offered, but you can't always rely on the recommendation of the grocer.

Since the introduction of match-making in Canada, E. B Eddy's Matches have been associated with excellence and merit.

Cable News.

The illness which confines Prime Minister Rosebery to his bed is a sharp attack of influenza. Influenza prevails in epidemic form throughout London. Entire families are affected and many firms are working with depleted forces. Some schools have been closed.

A dispatch from Constantinople to the Central News says that the sultan has conferred the grand cordon of the Osmanli upon the Armenian patriarch.

The board of trade learns that the surviving officers of the Elbe cannot be examined except by a German court of inquiry. The German authorities have promised to supply the board of trade with an official copy of the evidence. The British inquiry, in view of the absence of the ship's officers, is likely to prove very unsatisfactory.

The latest communications between the foreign office and Japan in regard to peace negotiations with China are reported to have led to a distinct declaration on the part of Japan that she is not desirous of any interference on the part of the European powers.

The Bordeaux chamber of commerce has petitioned the government to place Canadian petroleum under the minimum tariff, so as to enable it to compete with Russian and United States oils.

Judge—You robbed your benefactor in a most shameful way. Do you feel no compunctions of conscience?

Prisoner—Before answering, sir, I would like to consult my counsel.—Tit Bits.

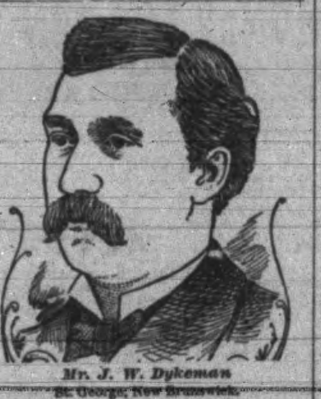
"Don't you think," said the gushful girl, "that wearing glasses makes a man look intellectual?"

"It all depends," replied the active worker in the W. C. T. U., "on whether he wears his glasses over his eyebrows or his moustache."—Detroit Free Press.

Hot Springs, Ariz., Feb. 23.—The dead list of yesterday's fire is now placed at four.

New Orleans, Feb. 23.—The Southern Pacific railway company has received a cablegram saying that the Morgan line steamship Hewes was ashore on Colorad reefs. The company expect the vessel will be floated. Relief has been sent.

She (on her voyage)—What is that place down there? He—Why, that is the steerage. She—And does it take all those people to make the boat go straight?—Tit-Bits.



Mr. J. W. Dykeman
St. George, New Brunswick.

After the Grip

No Strength, No Ambition

Hood's Sarsaparilla Gave Perfect Health.

The following letter is from a well-known merchant tailor of St. George, N. B.:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen—I am glad to say that Hood's Sarsaparilla and Hood's Pills have done me a great deal of good. I had a severe attack of the grip in the winter, and after getting over the fever I did not seem to gather strength, and had no ambition. Hood's Sarsaparilla proved to be just what I needed. The results were very satisfactory, and I recommend this medicine to all who are afflicted with rheumatism or other

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

afflictions caused by poison and poor blood. I always keep Hood's Sarsaparilla in my house and use it when I need a tonic. We also keep Hood's Pills on hand and think highly of them." J. W. DYKEMAN, St. George, New Brunswick.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, and do not purge, pain or gripe. Sold by all druggists.

J. Sluggett & Co.,

Having gone into the Dairy Business, we are able to supply good and fresh Milk from the Saanich Dairy. Morning and evening delivery. Other farm produce also supplied.

Leave orders at office, 24 Hillside Ave.

DRY GOODS.

Argyle House

WE ARE... CLEARING OUT.......

The Following Lines of CORSETS At Greatly Reduced Prices:

BLACK SATIN CORSETS reduced from $1 to 75c.

FRENCH STEAM MOULDED CORSETS reduced from $1.75 to $1.

BLUE COUTILLE CORSETS reduced from $1 25 to 75c.

BLACK SATEEN CORSETS reduced from $2.50 to $175.

COLORED SATIN CORSETS reduced from $2.75 to $1.75.

Also small quantities of other makes at same reduction.

NEEDLE BOOKS worth 10c. reduced to 5c

WHITE EMBROIDERIES 5 inches wide at 12½c. a yard.

WHITE STRIPED MUSLINS 10c. a yard, best value in city.

A large quantity of Remnants of Dresss Goods very cheap

J. Horner & Co.

Do You Keep Hens?

(Trade Mark.)

STURTEVANT'S IMPERIAL EGG FOOD
Will Make Your Hens Lay.

STURTEVANT'S ROUP PILLS,

F. C. Sturtevant, Hartford, Conn.

VICTORIA COLLEGE,
BEACON HILL PARK.
(LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.

The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits.

First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates. University, Professional Commercial and Modern Courses.

Reasonable fees. Cricket, football swimming, athletics, etc. For spring term entrance apply

PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A.

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REOPENING MONDAY, JANUARY 7th.

GROCERIES.

We offer our Canned Goods at prices as reasonable as the goods are inviting. The following are some we wish to call your attention: Chelsea Table Jellies in tins, Keiller's (Dundee) Marmalade and Jellies, and Okell & Morris' Jams in 5-pound pails.

R. H. JAMESON,
Red Front Store, 33 Fort St.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR
For FAMILY Use
IS THE BEST.
Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other
Manufactured by
RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

Photo Engraving
AND ZINC ETCHING,
In Line and Half Tone.
Reproductions of Portraits, Buildings, Letters, Etc.
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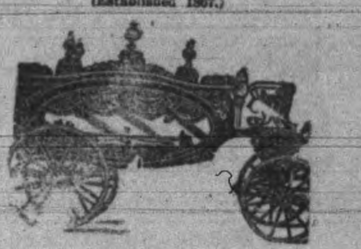
59 1-2 Government Street, - Victoria, B. C.

UNDERTAKERS.
CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867.)



Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government Street, Victoria.

FUEL.

To The Public.

Having purchased from Mr. S. F. McIntosh his coal and wood business, I am prepared to deliver to any part of the city.

No. 1 Dry Cordwood $3-50 per cord.
Best Wellington Coal at $7 per ton.

Terms, Spot Cash. Prompt and careful delivery. Full weight and measure guaranteed.

The above will be carried on in connection with my present business at the Rock Bay Lumber Yard, which will be known in future as the ROCK BAY COAL, WOOD AND LUMBER YARD.

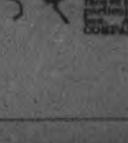
Soliciting a share of your esteemed patronage, I remain, yours faithfully,
EWEN MORRISON.
Office and yard, end of Rock Bay Bridge.
Mills, Sidney, B.C.
Telephone 5[illegible]. nov6-tf

PHIL R. SMITH,
Book Binder, Paper Ruler,
& Manufacturing Stationer
32 LANGLEY STREET.

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.



[illegible]
COMPANY, [illegible]

BUTTER AND BOWELL.

The Proposal of the Minister of Agriculture to Buy Butter at 20 Cents per lb

Subjects Him to General Ridicule What Fools These Ministers Be.

The proposal of the minister of agriculture for the government to become a great butter-merchant, cannot be discussed seriously. At a conference of Quebec dairymen at Montreal, on the 12th instant, Mr. Angers thus unfolded his remarkable scheme :

"The federal government offered to take all winter butter made from January to April, at 20 cents per pound delivered in Montreal, and send it to England and boom it as cheese has been boomed. The government wanted to boom the industry. This offer had been made by Professor Robertson in Toronto last week. There are now one hundred winter creameries, and butter, if properly shipped there, would increase the Canadian trade. This would increase our reputation in England. Regarding the summer season, the government had ascertained from the Canadian Pacific and the Grand Trunk that they are willing to place a number of refrigerating cars on the line to Montreal, and cold storage can be had here and on the other side. Cold storage could be obtained at a nominal rate, but it would be increased to prevent speculation. The minister of commerce was going to ascertain how refrigerators could be obtained on the steamers. This might be expensive for the government, but after a year the demand might be such for butter that the trade will be able to look after itself"

The Montreal Star refers to the proposal as follows:

"Butter and Bowell:—This is not the first time the electorate has been buttered on the eve of an election, but the government has never before gone into the butter business on such an extensive scale. * * * Quebec was saved once upon a time by a vigorous beet root policy, and everybody knows how rich the province has been getting on beet sugar ever since. But 'Butter and Bowell' beats 'Beets and Beaubien' as an election cry all hollow."

And the Winnipeg Free Press says:

"The government has undertaken to buy all the butter offered at 20 cents a pound. Will the proper minister say how much he is prepared to pay for eggs, what kind of eggs he can use most of—general elections coming on shortly and eggs are eggs—whether there is an increase in price for the up to date production, and whether those picked before they are ripe will be subject to a discount or vice versa, if well advanced towards completion. We have in Manitoba a very fine brand of fencing poles which we can cordially recommend to the purchasing minister—is this a new post created for Dr. Montague—cheap at the price (not Dr. Montague, but the fence poles).* But the government's real opening is in hay. That is one of Quebec's strong points, and we can do a little ourselves. Manitoba can supply the government with excellent hay—our hay is of a very superior quality—at say from three to five dollars a ton, f.o.b., according to distance. There are so many calves sucking the public cow at Ottawa that hay should be a consideration. As produce dealers the government cannot do without it. Hogs are becoming a specialty—we don't mean the kind of hog the government usually has to appease, but the father of bacon. We cannot at the moment make a price for these, but would be glad to hear from the government as to a deal. Manitoba's terms are cash, C. O. D., so to speak. The government must not feel offended at this stipulation. Manitoba is a business place. We are out a large sum on so-called Hudson Bay railway bonds by trusting to the government's honesty, a quality which did not materialize."

DESERTING THE PARTY.

New Westminster Conservative Association Officers Resign.

The Mainlander says:—The New Westminster City Conservative Association, I see, has had a second election of officers. This was necessitated by the resignation of those who had been formerly elected. Mr. John Hendry, who had been elected president without being consulted in the matter, resigned, I am told, because he found himself out of harmony with the party of which he had hitherto been a member, chiefly on the trade question. Mr. N. C. Schou, reeve of Burnaby, who had been elected to the office of vice-president, resigned for similar reasons, and Mr. Fox, second vice-president, resigned because he had never been a Conservative, but always a faithful Grit. This should have been a sufficient warning to the association not to elect to office a man whose consent to the proceedings had not been obtained. But evidently the warning had not been heeded, for I see it reported in the daily papers that Mr. W. Myers Gray has been elected to the presidency. Mr. Gray is revising barrister for the riding of Westminster, and as such occupies a judicial position between the two parties. It is his duty to hear and adjudicate upon appeals brought before him in the court of revision as to names properly entitled to appear on the voters' list, and he would naturally hold himself in a position entirely non-partizan. It may be urged that his duties as revising barrister are now concluded so far as the forthcoming election is concerned. That is quite true, probably, but it is not less important on that account that he should studiously avoid doing anything that would lead people to believe or suspect that party advantage was in view when he compiled the lists which went through the court of revision practically without revising. Mr. Gray is an honorable man and as such careful of his reputation, so that I can hardly imagine him accepting the position to which he is reported to have been elected. But aside from all this, it was surely bad tactics on the part of the Conservative association to leave itself open to the taunt of its opponents that after all other efforts had failed to secure a suitable presiding officer, it was compelled to put into office an official of the government which it supports.

ENGLAND'S LABOR PARTY.

The Actual Complexion of that Significant Body.

A fair idea of the variety and extent of the practical demands of the Labor party in England may be obtained from the chief points of the programme recently laid before the home secretary, Mr Asquith, by a deputation of the trades unions. Mr. Woods, M.P., demanded that the principles of a living wage should be adopted by the government, that in every case "6d. an hour or 24s a week should be the minimum pay for men in the employ of the state" Miss A. E. Marland demanded an extension of the factory acts in order to put down sweating. Mr. Harford, on behalf of the railway servants, demanded employer's liability and no "contracting out." Mr. Inskip advocated a more strict application of the truck acts. Mr. Burns asked for the complete popularization of the electoral machinery, the payment of expenses of members, and "one man, one vote." Mr. Wilson demanded that workingmen should be allowed to serve on juries and should be paid, and that special juries should be abolished. Mr. Cunan advocated the amendment of the law of conspiracy. Mr. Burrows asked for more factory inspectors, and Mr. Holling requested the government to prohibit the landing of alien paupers. Mr. Asquith, in his reply, said that if the deputation had submitted to him some of the milder resolutions adopted at the recent trades union congress, he would have been compelled to express his opinion of them in clear terms. With regard to the points enumerated he thought that all of them were proper subjects for additional legislation except that relating to alien immigration.

TOLD A STORY.

How Lincoln Disposed of a Claim Against the Government.

During the war a very intimate friend and adviser of President Lincoln called at the White House to confer with him upon some of the many perplexing questions which were continually pouring in to the executive mansion for solution.

It was after the seven days' battle from Mechinesville to Malvern Hill when disappointment at the North was almost as great as that produced by the conflict at Bull Run, and the President was considering the advisability of calling for a levy of 300,000 troops. Topics for discussion were so numerous and pressing that it was 10:30 o'clock before the visitor, rising, said: ' Well, Lincoln, I must be going now!"

"No, T——, don't go yet." Lincoln replied, "sit down; another matter yet! There is a man from Boston here with a claim against the government for $250,000. Yesterday he submitted a portion of his papers relative to it, with the request that I examine them while he was preparing the remainder. I told him to come here to-night again at 11 o'clock with the rest of his papers, and you knew he'll come, so I want you to wait." they resumed their topics of state, Lincoln sitting with his chair tilted backward, his hands clasped over the top of his head and his feet upon the table, the visitor near by in a similar position.

By and by, at the appointed time, footsteps were heard, and the expected visitor was ushered into the executive chamber through a door at the back of the President.

"There, Mr. President," said the man from Boston, "is the remainder of those papers regarding my claim. I wish you would examine and report on them as soon as possible."

"Very well," said Lincoln turning his head somewhat toward the visitor; "just lay them on the table there and I will examine them as soon as possible; it may be a day or two, it may be a week; but I'll report on them as soon as I can," and he turned his head to his friend again as if to continue their conversation regarding the exigencies of the war. Before going out the man from Boston suffered his curiosity to get the better of him, and he ventured to interrogate the President as to what he thought of the validity of the claim from the papers he had already examined.

"Your claim, Mr. ——," Lincoln replied, turning towards him, "reminds me of Jim Price's rat hole. You never knew Jim, did you? Well, he had all his life been roaming about from one place to another and had tried every way imaginable to make a living, but without success. At the time I speak of he was trying to practice law in a little town near Springfield; but soon tiring of this he thought to enter the dry goods business, and accordingly wrote to an eastern house to know if it would furnish him with a stock of goods on credit, at the same time forwarding references as to his integrity. The eastern firm addressed an inquiry to one of these references, desiring to know if it could safely trust Jim with a certain amount of goods, and the reply was something like this. 'Jim Price's assets, I would fix at $50,000, consisting of the following items: One wife valued at $25,000, at least if I had such a wife I wouldn't take less than that for her; two children valued at $24,998, at least if I had two such children I wouldn't take less than that for them; one office table, valued at $1.85; one ink stand, valued conservatively at ten cents; one pen holder, valued at five cents, and the rat hole in the corner of his office that is worth looking into."

And the man from Boston went his way.—Chicago Tribune.

The fact that Hood's Sarsaparilla, once fairly tried, becomes the favorite spring medicine, simply because it purifies, vitalizes and enriches the blood.

A CONSERVATIVE'S VIEWS

E. E. Sheppard, a Prominent Conservative Politician, Speaks His Mind Freely.

Appreciation for Mr. Jolly and Confidence in the Liberal Leaders.

Mr. E. E. Sheppard, of Toronto Saturday Night, who toured Ontario in behalf of Mr. Meredith, and who is very well known personally to many in Victoria, thus writes in the last issue of his paper:

Every Canadian will hail with pleasure the return of Hon. Mr. Joly to public life. Speaking as a Conservative I know it gives me a thrill of pleasure to hear that this distinguished French-Canadian is likely to cast in his lot with Mr. Laurier, for should the eloquent leader of the opposition succeed he will be in urgent need of the counsel of some such wise and patriotic gentleman as Hon. Mr. Joly. To Canada it is a matter of small importance what be the name of the party which evolves the successful cabinet that shall have charge of the country's interests, but it is a matter of infinite interest to know that the men who compose that cabinet have been selected from the best classes of the mixed breeds and creeds which constitute Canadian citizenship. It may be as well to freely confess that the Conservative party has not been recruiting its forces in any such way. I am not alone in believing that the government is not composed of either the cleverest or the most patriotic members of the Conservative party. Its tendency has been to attract to itself the fluent and the cunning politician rather than the patriotic and the large minded gentlemen who might exercise general confidence. Had the Conservatives taken the same pains to invite Mr. Meredith in Ontario and Mr. Weldon in New Brunswick, for instance, the party would have had a strength and body which it lacks to-day. I confess I do not believe in Mr. Laurier's capacity to head a government, yet he has been fortunate enough to make it evident that he is selecting from his own race and from the best men in the country lieutenants who will remove from him and his coterie the reproach that they are incapable of obtaining colleagues to man the ship of state.

I am glad in having anticipated the remarks of Hon. Mr. Joly in the matter of schools in Manitoba. I have so long been an advocate of national schools that when the sage of the Liberal party declares himself on the same lines it adds some weight and dignity to what would otherwise be considered as a merely journalistic opinion. After reading the books and studying the curriculum laid down by the Greenway government of Manitoba, Mr. Joly declares that the schools are Protestant and arrives at the same conclusion that I made manifest last week, that there are only two courses to pursue—the making of the schools absolutely secular or the granting of remedial legislation.

HON. JOS. MARTIN'S VIEWS.

The Weakness of the Government and the Liberal Strength.

Hon. Joseph Martin, M. P. for Winnipeg, was interviewed regarding political matters by a Tribune reporter recently, the conversation being reported as follows:

"When do you think the election will take place?"

"For the past month I have been satisfied that the elections would be brought on as soon as the voters' lists could be got ready, and I have no doubt that this is the case. No preparations whatever are apparently being made for a session."

"Why, in your opinion, do the government not announce their intention to appeal to the country?"

"This arises, it seems to me, from indecision. Although, apparently, they have practically decided not to have a session, still they do not appear to have the nerve to make the plunge, and are simply letting matters drift. It appears to me there never was a government so absolutely devoid of courage as our present Dominion rulers. Although they have a majority in the house of 61 they do not appear to be able to make up their minds upon any matter of importance. The collectorship of Montreal has been vacant for over two years, the governorship of Manitoba for about the same time, their are 11 vacancies in the senate, some of which have been open for nearly two years, the chief justiceship of British Columbia has been vacant for nearly a year, and many other minor posts are in the same position. Departmental questions of all kinds are absolutely at a standstill. It is impossible to get a decision one way or the other from them. The fact is the government is moribund. They know that an appeal to the country at the present time means overwhelming defeat. They have been so advised by their friends from all points of Canada, including Manitoba and the territories. The only argument for an immediate dissolution, that weighs with them, is that a year from now, when election is imperative, their prospects are likely to be much worse. They feel that if they cannot carry the country now they are not likely to do so later on, and in the meantime they will have to come to a decision upon a number of matters of first class importance. To decide anything seems to be quite beyond them."

"Would the Liberal party prefer an election now or at the regular time?"

"The Liberals contend that the government have no right to force a dissolution simply to suit their own party purposes. If, however, the writs are issued we shall not be found unprepared for the fray. The Liberal party will go into the impending campaign with every prospect of success. While we would prefer to have the election at the regular time, still we believe the people of Canada are only waiting for an opportunity to displace their present rulers."

"In case of an election when would a session be held?"

"The action of the government in dillydallying with this matter, and attempting to get a partizan advantage from their power of fixing the date of elections, will cause great inconvenience in administering the affairs of the country for the next six months; especially if I am right, in prophesying that the Liberals will return to power. Elections cannot take place much before the seventh of April. By the time a new government are installed in power it will be along in June, and as a new government would require some time to prepare for a session, the house could scarcely meet before the middle of July; except, perhaps, to make temporary provisions for the estimates."

"Are the Liberals well organised in Manitoba and the Territories?"

"I believe the party has never been in such good shape for an election. I believe it possible, and even probable, that every constituency in Manitoba and the Territories, will return a supporter of Mr. Laurier at the coming election. The people are practically unanimous in believing the protective policy to be opposed to their interests, and they intend, at the first opportunity, to enter a protest against it. If then we are to protest, let us protest in the most vigorous manner possible. When the new tariff comes to be made the stronger the west is in the councils of the Liberal party, the more weight it will have in determining what the tariff shall be."

"What about Winnipeg?"

"It is not likely that any move will take place in Winnipeg until the election dates are fixed. So far as I can judge, public opinion is stronger against the Conservative government to-day in Winnipeg than it was in November, 1893.

For Rich Beef Flavor and
the feeding qualities of Beef
JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF
IS PRE-EMINENT

It is the embodiment of all that is nourishing in the choicest Beef, so treated that the life principle of the Beef can be digested with ease by the most debilitated stomach. A perfect food in its constituents and digestibility.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

The greatest medical authorities and scientists in the world recommend ADAMS' TUTTI FRUTTI for Indigestion. Among them DR. CYRUS EDSON, Health Commissioner, and R. OGDEN DOREMUS, M.D., LL.D.

Allow no imitations to be palmed off on you.

WANTED HELP! A man or woman in every locality (local or traveling) to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked upon trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment. Commission or salary $65.00 per month and expenses, and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars, write World Medical Electric Co., London, Ont., Can.

WEAK-MAN

Cure yourself in fifteen days. I will send Free (sealed) the prescription and full particulars of a new and positive remedy for all weakness in young or old men. Cures lost manhood, nervous weakness, impotency in 15 days. I will also furnish remedies if desired. Enclose stamp and address P.O. Box 578, Toronto, Ont. e-o-d

RUPTURE More CURES have been effected by my Trusses, with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years, fully equal to personal examination by mail. 27 patents to overcome DEFORMITY Ill. book free CHARLES CLUTHE, 134 King St. W., Toronto
Agents: Langley & Co., Druggists, Victoria, B. C.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS TEST Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00, six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL Co., Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail in LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, B.C.

Before. After.

WARNING $100 REWARD

We are informed that unscrupulous dealers are in the habit of selling plugs and parts of plugs of inferior Tobacco, representing them to be the genuine

'T.&B.' Myrtle Navy

The genuine plug is stamped with the letters 'T.&B.' in bronze. Purchasers will confer a favor by looking for the trade mark when purchasing.

A reward of *One Hundred Dollars* will be given to anyone for information leading to the conviction of any person or persons guilty of the above fraudulent practices, or infringing on our trade mark in any manner whatsoever.

The Geo. E. Tuckett & Son Co. Ltd.
HAMILTON ONT.

CONTINUAL ADVERTISING IS THE ....PRICE OF BUSINESS SUCCESS....

120 ROLLS
...OF...
CROSSLEY'S CELEBRATED CARPETS....

Including Brussels, Tapestry and Velvets.
The best we have had yet.

ELEGANT DESIGNS . . .
REFINED COLORINGS . .
And Best Quality for the Money.

WEILER BROS.,
...SOLE AGENTS.

MUNICIPAL.

NOTICE.

Douglas Street, from Pembroke Street to King's Road, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
oc8-tf City Engineer.

Tenders for Water Meters, Etc.

Tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned (where specifications may be seen) for the supply of Water Meters and a Bicycle for the Victoria Water Works.

Tenders will be received up to 4 p.m. on Monday, February 25th, 1895, and the lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JAS. S. RAYMUR,
Water Commissioner.
Water Commissioner's office, Feb. 14, 1895.

Tenders for Fire Hose.

Tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned until Monday the 11th day of March next, at 12 o'clock m., for 1,000 ft. cotton fabric hose, rubber lined, 2 1-2 in. in diameter, 3-ply, guaranteed pressure of 350 pounds per square inch, guaranteed for five years against defects in manufacture, coupled, complete with corporation threads.

Sample of hose and couplings to be submitted with tender.

Hose to be delivered free of freight and duty in Victoria.

Payment therefor not to take place before the 2nd day of December, 1895.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk.
Victoria, B. C., February 12th, 1895.

FOOD FOR THE HUNGRY.

The undersigned desires to call the attention of parties interested to the fact that temporary provision has been made for the relief of those in the city who are suffering from lack of necessary food.

The services of the officers of the Salvation Army, which have kindly been offered free of charge, have been accepted, and arrangements made for the operation of a "Food Depot" in a room at the rear of the Salvation Army Barracks, Broad street.

The depot will be in running order on and after Tuesday the 29th instant.

Breakfast may be had from 9 to 11 a.m., and supper from 4 to 6 p.m., and will be served to those holding tickets which may be procured at the barracks for a nominal sum, or, in absolutely destitute cases, free.

Parties wishing to assist the movement may provide those whom they believe to be needy with tickets or may send in supplies to the depot at any time during the day.

The undersigned would commend the depot to all charitably disposed persons as an object most worthy of their practical support.

JOHN TEAGUE,
Mayor.
Victoria, B. C., Jan. 26, 1895.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B.C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.

The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.

Court Vancouver No. 5755, A. O. F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,

No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
LOFTUS BROWN, Secretary.

ST. ANDREW'S AND CALEDONIAN

Society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard street on the first Friday of every month. All scotchmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. & W. WILSON
PLUMBERS AND GASSFITTERS.
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B.C. Telephone call 129

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BROKERS
Notaries Public, Shipping and Insurance Agents. Loans Negotiated.
72 GOVERNMENT STREET.

SIMEON DUCK. THOS. T. HULL.

S. DUCK & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS,
House, Land and Commission Agents. Account sales promptly settled. Cash advanced on goods for absolute sale.
Duck Building, 58 Broad street, Victoria.

W. T. HARDAKER,
AUCTIONEER.
Having leased the theatre and other premises adjoining my Auction Rooms, which gives me by far the largest and best appointed Auction Rooms in the city, I am prepared to handle Real Estate, Live Stock, Furniture and any saleable article to the best advantage. Liberal advances on consignments. Household goods, etc., bought outright for spot cash. Goods stored. All business strictly confidential.
77, 79, 81 Douglas St.

JEWELERS, ETC.

Nickle Alarm Clocks, 90c.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jewelller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.

NOLTE'S PATENT

Accurately adjusted.
F. W. NOLTE & CO.,
The Only Opticians, 37 Fort Street.
VICTORIA, B. C.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—The furnishings of eight rooms of a well appointed 15-roomed private board and lodging house as they stand. The house, with four rooms, occupied, is to be let on lease. Pleasant locality in desirable residential part of city. Rent cheap. Apply by letter to Drawer 28, Postoffice, Victoria. f23161

FOR SALE—Hotel and nearly three acres of land at Saanichton. Victoria & Sidney railway station adjoins the lot. Well constructed building. Apply to A. Mackenzie, Saanichton, B.C. feb12 1m

FOR SALE—Extra fine canary birds at reasonable prices from P. Lange, 86 Douglas street. f11-2m

MISCELLANEOUS

HOW TO ACQUIRE A HOME—Join the Dominion Building & Loan Association and they will help you to buy or build one. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

OKELL & MORRIS are selling 2-lb glass jars of Pure Strawberry Jam for 35c. See your grocer.

ASK YOUR GROCER for 2-lb glass jar of Pure Raspberry Jam put up by Okell & Morris. Only 35c.

CHEAPEST AND BEST JAM in the city is Okell & Morris' 2-lb glass jar for 35c.

OKELL & MORRIS' Jam once tasted will be always eaten.

OKELL & MORRIS hold ten diplomas and two gold medals for purity and excellence of jams.

DELICIOUS HOME MADE BREAD delivered fresh daily, by Domestic Bakery, 59 Broad street. d31-3m

TO LET.

TO LET—Furnished, large front room on first floor. Apply 19 Kane street. f23-2t

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A servant girl. Apply 80 Superior street.

WANTED—Pushing canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; permanent position. Brown Bros. Co., Nurserymen, Portland, Oregon. feb2-m s wkly3m

SITUATION WANTED.

A WIDOW with references would like a situation as housekeeper. Address J. H., Times office. f23-2t

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Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the

Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited;

At No. 26 Broad Street, Victoria, B.C.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier in any part of the city per week.. ....25 cts
By mail to any part of the world, per year.. .. ..$10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain for $2 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.

NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1.50.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in minion (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25c. a line for first insertion and 12 1-2 cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12 1-2 cents for first insertion, and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Address

THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

The Daily Times.

ANOTHER N. P. INDUSTRY.

There is an infant industry in full blast in the eastern cities that the "boodle" press carefully abstain from mentioning. It is the soup kitchen. The mayor of Montreal has been requested to aid the N. P. in placing this industry upon a sound basis. In Ottawa the mayor is calling for relief committees "of all denominations" to alleviate the suffering amongst the unemployed. Truly the N. P. is getting in its work.

IS THIS BRITISH COLUMBIA?

The spontaneous outbursts of enthusiasm which greeted Mr. Laurier during his recent tour to the coast afforded sufficient justification for the hope that the cause of tariff reform would not be altogether neglected in the coming conflict. But to have foreseen, in a province which has solidly and systematically condoned extortion, incapacity and corruption, and which has submitted, with dog-like fidelity, to the most scornful and humiliating neglect, and which has suffered its most vital interests to be jeopardized and imperilled by the truculent and domineering interference of ministerial whippersnappers and underlings, such gratifying indications of complete victory, as are plainly apparent to-day, would have required an extremely sanguine temperament. The change is simply marvellous. The spark which the burning eloquence of Laurier kindled has burst out into a flame and is sweeping British Columbia like a whirlwind. For the first time in our history every electoral district will be contested by an opposition candidate. It is a revelation and a revolution; and could Mr. Laurier visit this province to-day he would be forced to exclaim: "Is this British Columbia?"

THE UPHEAVAL.

Mr. George Moffatt, ex-M. P. for Restigouche, N. B., can no longer support the "boodle" cabal at Ottawa. Speaking at Moncton recently he stated that he had been a warm personal friend of Sir John Macdonald's and had supported the Tory party for years. "But," he continued, "If I run I will be an independent Liberal. If I don't run I will support either Mr. George Haddow or William Murray, ex-M. P. P. Liberal. If I decide to run, both Haddow and Murray will give me their support." The Moncton Transcript says: "Mr. Moffatt, with the support of such a strong man as Murray at Campbellton, and such a power as Haddow at Dalhousie will carry the county by a rousing majority."

Speaking of the Tory demoralization in New Brunswick the Moncton Transcript, referring to Minister Foster's hunt for a safe constituency, says:—"Here is a man with all the prestige of a cabinet minister, with means at his command, who finds his constituency become so hopelessly opposition that he is forced to throw himself upon the generosity of another constituency, whose Tory representative is to be made a life senator—an office for the duties of which he has no natural fitness." In Albert county, the same authority says:—"All reports—indeed Dr. Weldon has been, it is said, told so by a former supporter—go to show that the county is hoplessly opposition. The tide of Liberal revival is sweeping over Albert as well as other counties. And little wonder—its population has decimed 1200 in the past decade. Is that the prosperity which the N. P. promised?"

In Quebec a clean sweep is conceded Laurier. L'Electeur calculates that of the 22 constituencies in the Quebec district, Mr. Laurier will certainly carry 17 and that the prospects are that he will also win in at least three of the remaining five. In the Three Rivers districts, the Liberal organ also claims that the party has candidates in every constituency except Champlain, while the Conservatives are greatly bothered by the fact that the city of Three Rivers and the county of St. Maurice are now amalgamated for electoral purposes and that neither Sir Hector Langevin, who represents Three Rivers, nor Mr. F. Desaulniers, who represents St. Maurice, will give way to the other.

The Montreal Star (Ind. Con.), which charged Mr. Laurier with being dogged by the "Demon of indefiniteness," is hedging and says:—"Mr. Laurier seems enthusiastic over the prospects of his party. No political leader has been greeted with such popular demonstrations in Canada since 1877, when the country began to turn to Sir John Macdonald. The Liberal upheaval in the Montreal district, which has hitherto been overwhelmingly Tory, is phenomenal in its proportions. The Liberals are putting up Mr. J. A. C. Madore to wrest Hochelaga county from Dr. Lachappelle, the Tory M. P., Mr. L. A. Lefebvre will contest Bagot for the Liberals—a contest in every seat."

The scare has reached the "boodle" organ in Ottawa and it, also, shows a disposition to hedge. In a recent editorial touching the enormous expenditure of public money for useless railways, the Citizen says: "It is time that parliament firmly resisted applications for assistance to railroads not absolutely essential for the opening up of a new country needing development."

The Toronto World (Boodle) has a dim idea that the "game is up" and cannot conceal its anxiety at the wonderful activity of the Young Liberals. It recently published a cartoon showing a Young Conservative asleep on the bench and Patriot Tupper vainly trying to rouse him to "get a move on."

Disintegration is everywhere discernible and defections are occurring daily. The east is ablaze with a fierce desire for a change. This feeling is swelling in volume and is sweeping over the country with a force that will be irresistible.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

What English workingmen think of the "good old days" of protection in England may be judged from the following extract from a letter to the Spectator

"I am eighty-one years of age, and can remember hand loom weavers and weaving as far back as 1820 in East Lancashire. I have a painful recollection of the poverty and distress among hand loom weavers. Our family consisted of father, mother and eight children, all dependent upon hand looms. Breakfast in our home was oaten meal porridge sweetened with treacle, eaten with small beer; dinner, meat only on Sunday, and that chiefly bones boiled into soup. The rest of the week's dinners potatoes and oaten cakes, seldom butter, and never cheese. Supper similar to breakfast. The quantity of these was stinted, so that we often had not enough to eat.

"As to wages, an ordinary man could not earn more than 10s. per week, and often he could not procure enough warp and weft even to earn that. The idea of 'putting one pound notes between the slices of bread and butter' is simply monstrous. In respect to the statement of kindness and sympathy between employers and employed, I can only recollect grinding poverty and cringing dependence, which had the effect of taking away a man's self-respect. When I think of my early days—poor food, poor clothing, poor homes, no day school—I do not wish to see the 'golden age' back again."

The Montreal Butter and Cheese Association adopted a very strong protest to be presented to Minister Angers in reference to the butter bounty. It reads as follows: "That this association view with alarm the proposed offer of the government to advance 20 cents per pound for shipment to England on winter made creamery butter made from 1st of January, for the reasons: (1) that the advance of 20 cents per pound fodder-made butter is at least 4 cents per pound more than the butter is likely to net in shipping to England; (2) because we consider there would be no benefit of introducing at this time of the year winter-made Canadian butter, as it would come in competition with new grass-made butter, which the English market will then be receiving from other countries. Consequently the result would likely be the disparagement of the reputation of Canadian butter rather than its improvement." The more this butter dodge is discussed the more ridiculous does it appear.

Montreal Herald:—The benighted Britishers do not appear to know how desperate their condition is; they should import Canadian Conservative politicians to post them. We are told daily that the farmers in Great Britain are in the most desperate state, because of Free Trade, but Lord Rosebery, who is the Premier, does not appear to have heard of this. At any rate, speaking in Parliament a few days ago he said: "In place of asking noble Lords opposite to a country where agriculture is better than it is in Great Britain, I would rather ask them to state a single spot in the whole civilized world where agriculture is in a flourishing state at the present time. I would go even further, and ask them to name a country where, melancholy as the depression in agriculture is in this country, agriculture flourishes more than it does here."

LOYALTY.

THE FALSE.	THE TRUE.
"Driven from the civilized markets of the world, steadily and every year finding their output to those markets decreasing, they spend millions on their navy and millions on their army to force their wares and their goods and their merchandise into the uncivilized markets of the world."—Sir Hibbert Tupper in the House of Commons.	"I love England, I love British institutions. And why? Because under the banner of St. George, my fellow-countrymen and myself of French origin, have found far greater freedom than we could ever have hoped for had we remained subject to France. If I wanted examples or precepts of art I would go to France; if I wanted philosophical counsels I would go to Germany; but for all economic principles, I would go to the land of sound government and sound common sense, Old England."—Wilfred Laurier at Montreal.

LIGHT FROM NOISE.

Electrician Kline Says He Has Made a Remarkable Discovery.

Charles F. Kline, who is known as the penitentiary electrician, is recognized as an expert. Kline has developed a new and wonderful idea in electricity that is certain to attract attention. He says:

"If two dissimilar conductors of electricity which are subject to slight atomatic change under the influence of sound are joined together after the manner of a pair of thermo pile bars, and the open ends are insulated by a suitable non-conductor of both sound and electricity, a current is generated when the sounds are made in the vicinity of the exposed ends. If two or more such elements are connected together we have an accoustic battery, and by increasing the number of elements it is possible to to operate an ordinary call bell by simply clapping the hands in front of the exposed ends of the battery. If a telephone receiver is placed in the circuit of this battery articulate speech and other sounds are reproduced in the receiver without loss whatever in tone, pitch or quantity, and we have at once a battery and a telephone transmitter combined.

"By enlarging the surface of the exposed ends of the elements, and by employing very loud sounds as an excitant, a current might possibly be generated which would be of the required force and quantity to operate motors. Shops might be lighted, to some extent, by the noise of the machinery. A clock might be made self winding by the sound of its ticking, and then perpetual power would become as common as spring power. What the internal resistance of the battery would be when working under the influence of extraordinary loud sounds remains to be determined. But for most purposes the resistance would not amount to much, the materials from which the bars are made being made conductors.

"The noise made by walking upon the floors, or by shutting the doors, might be made to charge small storage batteries, and electricity on tap would become as cheap as water. The material from which the bars of this battery are made are not to be found in commerce."—Cleveland Plaindealer.

AMERICA'S CUP.

Dunraven Agrees to Have the First Race in September.

New York, Feb. 25.—At a meeting of the America's Cup committee to-day a letter was made public from Lord Dunraven agreeing to have the first international race for the cup on September 7th. A letter was also made public from Gould saying he would start the Vigilant in the trial races.

AUCTION SALES
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The Well-Known Broad Street
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On TUESDAY, FEB. 26th, at 11 a m.

By order of Assignees, Auction of
G. L. SIMPSON'S

Stock of Crockery
Toys, Store Furniture,
Lamps in all Varieties,
Sewing Machines, Bicycles,
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And one thousand and one other things too numerous to mention.
TERMS CASH.
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CONSTANTINOPLE.

Remarkable Changes There During the Present Century.

There is no city perhaps in Europe in which so many surprising changes have taken place during the last three generations as in the capital of his imperial highness the Padishah Abdul Ahmid II.

Let it be for a moment supposed that Mr. Gladstone had visited Constantinople as an observant youth of seventeen; had he reached Stamboul in the middle of June, 1826, he would have been just in time to witness the last mutinous parade of the Janissaries, bearing aloft as a standard of revolt their historic soup kettles, and their final massacre by order of the sultan, Mahmoud. The Janissaries wore turbans and caftans, and they preferred javelins and scimitars to the weapons of modern warfare. Twenty years before their annihilation they themselves had massacred the Turkish troops whom the Sultan Selim, to his destruction, had subjected to European discipline and clad in European uniform.

In the Stamboul which might have been seen by the young English gentleman fresh from Eton, there was a huge slave market, where not only white Georgian and Circassian girls were openly sold, but where crowds of Greek maidens captured by the Turks at Scio or in the Morea during the Greek war of independence, were offered for sale. Mr. Gladstone might have seen at Stamboul that it was neither paved nor lighted.

He would have become acquainted with the peculiar conditions of Turkish diplomacy under which, whenever a war broke out between the Ottoman empire and a Christian power, the first step taken by the Turkish government was to seize the ambassador of the hostile country and immure him in the Castle of the Seven Towers. He would have heard every day of pashas and effendis being decapitated or put to death by the bowstring; he would have witnessed, perhaps, the application of the bastinado or the more horrible torture of impalement.

Vastly different is the Stamboul which the veteran statesman would gaze upon if he now journeyed to the shores of the Bosphorus.

When he was a young man there was not a single European hotel in Pera, and British travellers had to seek hospitality from their consul or at the houses of wealthy Franks. The Constantinople of to-day not only boasts of an abundance of hotels, but it positively possesses a railway terminus. The ladies of Turkey are still veiled, but they drive about in smart broughams instead of clumsy "aravas" drawn by oxen, and it is understood that in the luxurious seclusion of the harem they prefer to wear the toilets of Paris and Vienna rather than those which Turkish "Khanums" doned in the days when they welcomed Lady Mary Wortley Montague. Indeed, so completely has the garb of Ottoman ministers and ambassadors been transformed that there exists at Stamboul a collection, got together by the government, of lay figures dressed in the flowing robes stiff with embroidery and the prodigious turbans prescribed by sumptuary etiquette in the first years of the century, and modelled from the garb worn by Turkish grandees in the days of Mahomet the Conqueror.—London Telegraph.

Grandma—Now, Robbie, what kind of pie do you like best?

Robbie—I don't know just what you'd call it, but it's what takes a whole pie to make one piece.

Jack (insinuatingly)—How would you like to lend a friend $10?

Tom—I'd only be too glad, but I have not a friend in the world.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures

Cuts, Burns,
Corns, Bruises,
Chilblains, Bunions,
Cracks between the Toes,
Scalds, Piles,
Swellings, Ulcers,
Stiff Joints, Old Sores,
Inflammation of all kinds,
Lame Back, Pimples,
Rheumatism, Pustules,
Caked Breasts, Eruptions,
Diseased Tendons,
Contracted Muscles,
And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co. Wholesale Agents for B. C.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Hindes' hair curlers at Fox's. *

—A good shave, 10c., 101 Douglas. *

—Insure your plate glass at Mellor's. *

—No-To-Bac" cures the tobacco habit. Bowes' drug store, 27 Johnson street. *

—Just received—Men's and boy's working shoes, 95 cents. Marks', 8 Store street. *

—Work will probably be commenced on the new postoffice in the course of a month.

—Japanese cloth, Japanese crepe, Japanese transparent window shades, at Weiler Bros. *

—Dr. Findley, late of Findley & Baker has removed to 61 Government street, over Baker's shoe store. *

—Wednesday, April 27, has been picked as the date for the annual ball of the James Bay Athletic Association.

—There was a private session of the city council Saturday night when the estimates were up for consideration.

—The Natural History Society will meet this evening at the usual time and place.

—At a meeting of the creditors of C. A. Lombard & Co., held on Saturday night, it was decided to continue the business.

—The members of the school board will interview the minister of education Wednesday morning at 11 o'clock. Several matters of importance to the schools will be discussed.

—The ladies choruses in Il Trovatore will rehearse next Thursday night. Rehearsals hereafter will be for both ladies and gentlemen. The company has a good drill master in Mr. Enrick.

—The Victoria passengers on the City of Puebla which left San Francisco on Saturday are: Miss Denning, Mrs. E. W. Funckee, Miss C. Smith, Joseph Fusetta.

—St. Andrew's Presbyterian church concert on Wednesday night will be an attractive event. There will be a musical guessing competition for the ladies. The gentlemen taking part are: Messrs. Burnett, Egan, Brown, Russell, Hood, Floyd, Allan, Muir, Sharp and the Big Four.

—The greatest facilities in the province offered at Monroe Miller's Bindery for Ruling, Blank Books, Pass Books, Receipt Books, etc. As they have not quite eighty per cent. of the whole private work of the province they have any amount of time on their hands to attend to the wants of their customers. *

—Hon. A. N. Richards, Q. C., and D. M. Eberts, Q. C., who conducted the recent law examination, have made their report. J. H. Lawson, with the firm of Bodwell & Irving, and R. L. Lennie and W. C. Moresby of Westminster, who took their intermediate, passed very creditably. Mr. Lawson is being congratulated by his friends.

—At Institute Hall to-night the public of Victoria will have a chance to hear some choice music. The Euphonic orchestral society will make its debut, and the proceeds of the concert will be for the food and shelter home of the Salvation army. There are seventeen numbers on the programme and the concert will commence sharp at 8.

—F. W. Teague was chairman and there was a good attendance at the sixth of the series of entertainments given at Temperance hall under the auspices of the I. O. G. T. lodges on Saturday night. The programme was furnished by the following: Mrs. Turnbull, Mr. J. G. Brown, Mr. Grant, Miss Stephens, Miss McAdams, Miss Milne, Miss Baker, Miss Anderson, Miss Peverett, Miss Emercon, Miss Brown, Miss Clarke, Mrs. Townsend, Mr. Russell, the Messrs. Hall and Rev. Mr. Baldwin.

—At the concert given by the Saanich lodge, I. O. G. T. on Friday evening the following excellent programme was rendered: Instrumental duet, Mr. and Miss Brooks; song, Mr. Parsons; glee, Cedar Hill Glee Club; recitation, Miss Banfield; song, Rev. Mr. Christmas; quartette, Cedar Hill Glee Club; song, Miss King; glee, Cedar Hill Glee Club; song, Miss J. Tolmie; medley quartette, Cedar Hill Glee Club; intrumental duet, Messrs. Glover and Miller; song, Mr Parsons; glee, Cedar Hill Glee Club; song, Mr. Moody; instrumental duet, Mr. Brooks and Miss Butler; glee, Cedar Hill Glee Club; trio, Misses King, Tolmie and Johnson; song, Mr. Johnson; medley quartette, Cedar Hill Glee Club; and farce, "A Scientific Experiment"—Messrs. Brooks, Gale, Stuart, Parsons and Tanner, and Miss Stuart.

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Highest Honors—World's Fair.
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PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

—Arrived—New wall papers. Mellor. *

—Inexpensive room mouldings at Mellor's. *

—The 'cyclists will meet Tuesday night to re-organize.

—Pratt's astral oil, $1.40 per can. Hazlett's cash grocery, 72 Fort street. *

—There are no attractions booked for the Victoria Theatre until late in March.

—At the Caledonian Park Saturday the colonies defeated the old country at a match at Rugby football.

—Just received—Spring suits, very cheap, from $5.50 up. All the latest styles. Marks, 8 Store street. *

—Gentlemen—To enjoy easy shaving, get an outfit at Fox's, 78 Government street. Instructions for using and stropping given. *

—The ship Leland Brothers was towed to Tacoma on Saturday night by the tug Mogul. She is to load wheat for the United Kingdom.

—The Empress of China is scheduled to leave on Monday next for the Orient. She will have a good cargo of freight and a number of passengers.

—At the Victoria College of Music on Saturday afternoon an entertaining piano recital was given by the pupils. There were a number of friends present.

—There was a very good attendance at the popular concert at the Y. M. C. A. on Saturday night and the programme as announced in advance was carried out.

—J. A. Mara, M. P., has been nominated as the Conservative candidate for the Commons in the Yale-Cariboo district. The convention was held at Kamloops.

—At the Herald street mission on Saturday night music was furnished by Messrs. Oliver and Moody, and Mrs. Spofford delivered an address. There was a good attendance.

—The bark Melrose was hauled out on the marine railway yesterday and the work of repairing and overhauling her has already commenced. She will be on the slip for several days.

—Professor Reed, the pugilist, formerly of this city, is under arrest at Port Townsend for assaulting an inoffensive citizen. He was out on a round with one Scotty Jones, a fisherman. The two are to be tried to-day.

—The cut of one's clothes as well as the bumps on one's head are indications of character. We have just received our first shipment of new spring suits in the latest square cut shapes at the squarest of prices. Cameron the cash clothier. 55 Johnson street.

—Rev. H. B. Brashier, at present in the diocese of Calgary, has been appointed pastor of St. James' church in the place made vacant by the resignation of Ven. Archdeacon Scriven. The new pastor will not arrive here for some weeks yet, and, in the interim, Rev. Canon Paddon will officiate.

—The police commissioners will meet in a few days to fill the place of Constable McKay who was removed. There are already a score of applications in the hands of Mayor Teague and Magistrate Macrae, who form the commission, and the place has not yet been advertised. It is the intention to appoint a man in time for him to enter service by March 1.

—Agent H. E. Connon of the Northern Pacific steamship company, has not yet been advised as to the next steamship of the line which will arrive here or the date of her arrival. No word has been received either as to the repairs of the steamship Victoria. It is quite likely, however, that the steamship Gaelic, which reached San Francisco on Saturday brought some mail advices to the coast representatives of Dodwell, Carlill & Co.

—The annual drill of the Garrison Artillery passed off very satisfactorily. There was a good attendance of all companies at the parade on Saturday. Col. Prior put the companies through battalion drill and Lieut. Williams directed the manual and firing exercises. At the drill hall there was an inspection by Col. Peters. To-night there will be a company inspection of No. 3. It will include drill with a 64-pounder. Tuesday night No. 1 and Wednesday night No. 2 company will drill.

—Captain Henry Hudson, of the sealing schooner Dart, was in town yesterday from Neah Bay, says the Port Townsend Leader of yesterday. He reports severe weather along the coast during the past week and that several casualties were very narrowly averted. The schooner Emma Felitz, which is owned by Captain Claplanho, was nearly driven on the rocks on Vancouver Island. On Thursday afternoon the wind was blowing strong southwest and the wind and the tide bore the little vessel rapidly toward the shore. The captain tried tacking, but with poor success, which was accounted for later when it was found that the rudder was gone. Signals of distress were hoisted and a canoe manned by twelve Clayoquot Indians came to the rescue and towed the schooner to Clayoquot Sound. Captain Claplanho paid his rescuers $110 for their services. The sealing schooner Puritan was also at the mercy of the wind and water for several hours the same day, but fortunately steered clear of the rocks and gained a harbor in safety. Considerable anxiety is felt over the protracted absence of the sealer Matilda. The schooner, which is a 25-ton one, left La Push on the Quillayule two weeks ago, after securing an Indian crew. The schooner is commanded by Captain Isaacs, white, and manned by a crew of Quillayute Indians. The schooners rarely stay at sea any great length of time and the Neah Bay sealers are at a loss to account for her whereabouts, as she has not been sighted since leaving La Push.

J.B.A.A. ON VIEW.

The composition group of the officers and prize winners of the J. B. A. A. will be on view at Skene Lowe's Studio, Wednesday evening, Feb. 27, from seven till nine p.m.

—The Barbara Boscowitz leaves for the north Wednesday.

—Chambers' Encyclopaedia—latest Edinburgh edition. Sample at Johnston's, Kirk block. *

—There will be a meeting of the Y. M. C. A. football club at the Y. M. C. A. rooms Wednesday.

—The city council meets to-night in regular session. There are a large number of communications on file and several reports of committees.

—The charge against the Tolmie estate of keeping on their premises cattle infected with tuberculosis has been withdrawn. The case had been set for hearing this afternoon.

—The gambling case of John Cook was called in police court to-day but as A. L. Belyea, solicitor for the defendant, was engaged in the supreme court in the Sticknoth case, a remand to the 27th was agreed on.

—Do not miss the entertainment and dance in Semple's hall, Craigflower road, on Tuesday, Gebruary 26th, when Paddy McFling will be initiated into the second degree of the Tinpanites. Admission 25c. *

—The complaints of the Bella Coola settlers have at last borne fruit. That colony is going to have a post office. Thor Thorsen will be postmaster. There will be a monthly mail in winter and fortnightly mail in summer.

—A drummer named Goodchild was summoned by Constable John Smith for an infraction of the revenue by-law in failing to procure a license, but as he agreed to do so the case was not taken up in the police court this morning.

—The Y. M. C. A. defeated the Wanderers at a match of Association football at Beacon hill on Saturday. The score stood three to one. Goward, for the Wanderers, and Bland, Lorimer and Booth, for the Y. M. C. A., each scored. The match was exciting and interesting.

—The officers from Toronto who will organize the food and shelter home here are expected to arrive in a few days. The number of poor men who are receiving meals from the Army is slightly on the decrease owing to the successful efforts made by the Army officers to get work for the unemployed.

—R. T. of T., held in Wallace hall, Broad street, have decided to suspend all business at their meetings at 8.30, at which time their meetings will in future be open to the public. An enjoyable programme will always be provided free; no collection. To-morrow Rev. P. McF. Macleod will tell some stories.

—The subject of Evangelist W. D. Close's address last evening at Gospel Hall, 42 Broad street, was: "God's Rest." Heb. Chap. 4. First, in the Sabbath after a finished and perfect work of creation, and second, in Christ after a finished and perfect work of redemption. Meetings every evening of the week at 8 p.m.

—Mrs. Margaret Wilson died on Saturday at the residence of her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Murray, 51 Michigan street. The deceased lady was 92 years old, and up to the time of her death enjoyed the use of all her faculties. She was a relict of the late William Wilson and was a native of Scotland. The troublesome Napoleonic days were well remembered by her.

—At the Western Star lodge, A. O. U. W. entertainment on Tuesday night at Semple's hall a novel feature will be the initiation of Paddy McFlinn into the mysteries of the Ancient Order of Tinpanites. The following programme will be rendered: Song, Mr. Wilkes; instrumentad duet, Furman Bros.; song, Miss Emerson; mandolin solo, Sergt. Sparrow; song Mr. Dooley; guitar solo, Professor Francis; song, Miss Merla Francis.

—The sealing owners are anxiously awaiting news from Yokohama as to the arrival of the schooners at that port. It is now over 50 days since the first left here, and as the voyage ordinarily consumes from 30 to 60 days it is expected that some of the masters will cable their arrival but the majority will advise their owners by mail. The Empress of India which will arrive here about March 12, will likely bring news of the arrival of several of the vessels.

—The Good Templars of South Saanich held another of their successful concerts on Friday evening. The Cedar Hill Glee club rendered their part splendidly before a large and appreciative audience. Songs, recitations, instrumental duets and a comedy written and acted by local talent completed a really good programme. Rev. Mr. Ashton filled the chair in a manner that showed it was not the first time he had acted in that capacity. Refreshments were served during the evening and the train returned to town about 11.30, every one satisfied that the concert had been a great success financially and otherwise.

Warning to Women.

Ladies who appreciate the high quality of Priestley's dress goods should make it a point to see that Priestley's name is stamped on every five yards. Instances are not unknown where Priestley's trade mark, 'The Varnished Board,' has been used the second time with inferior goods wrapped upon it.

LENZ & LEISER,

Wholesale Dry Goods, Clothing
Gents' Furnishings, Etc.

We carry the Largest Stock in these lines west of Montreal; and are, therefore, able to compete with any house in the trade.

R. W. WARD HAS OPENED THE
Metropolitan Meat Market,
At 161 Fort St., and hopes for a share of your patronage.

'QUICKCURE' FOR Toothache

IT ACTS LIKE MAGIC. Never fails to give INSTANT and in most cases PERMANENT Relief....

Endorsed by Dentists and Physicians as a most important discovery. . . . .

Sold by Druggists everywhere, with instruments, 25c. and 50c.

STICKNORTH GOES FREE.

The Charge Not Substantiated to the Judge's Satisfaction.

Wilhelm Sticknorth was acquitted this morning of the charge of arson by Justice Walkem. The court opened at 10 o'clock and the accused gave his evidence. He denied setting fire to the house and also denied confessing to Dutch Annie—in fact, he contradicted almost all Dutch Annie's evidence. As to the insurance, he said that he did not know that the policy was to be for so much as $500.

His lordship, at the close of the defence, stated that he did not think he needed to hear either counsel. He then went on to say that in serious charges such as arson—where if a conviction were recorded the sentence would in all probability be five years or more—the crown to succeed must prove the accused guilty beyond a doubt. Here the circumstantial evidence was strong, and although the people as a rule considered such evidence as weak such was by no means the case. He did not wholly disbelieve Dutch Annie, but then all her evidence was contradicted. She was undoubtedly jealous, and it was the old story over again where one concubine was thrown out and another taken in. The accused discredits the evidence of the woman and her character, but he was just as bad, and she and her friends were his associates. He had nothing to be proud of; nothing creditable, but everything discreditable. He has cast imputations on the woman, but he is not one jot better. For him there were only two ways to weigh the matter: he must either be perfectly satisfied that the prisoner is innocent or perfectly satisfied that he is guilty, and here he was satisfied neither the one way nor the other, and on that ground he would acquit the prisoner. As to the evidence of Street and Villeman, he had no reason to disbelieve it. In conclusion he complimented Chief Deasy, who, he said, had acted promptly and asked the accused pertinent questions at the fire. In his evidence he had given an intelligent account of the contents of the house and the fire. He had shown no animus and no unnecessary zeal to convict, which was most creditable. He had done his duty and done it well.

After the prisoner was discharged the judge took occasion to refer to the conduct of the agent who solicited the insurance and who had not gone upstairs to see the contents—by thus putting on insurance over value of course the commission would be greater, but it was offering a premium to people to burn their own places to get insurance.

G. E. Powell for the prosecution and A. L. Belyea for the defence.

Quick Time to the East.

The Northern Pacific railroad company has put into effect a new and shorter schedule for eastbound trains, which now leave Seattle at 2 p.m., and Tacoma at 3 p.m., daily, making the run to Chicago in 10 hours less than heretofore. Time to New York, four and a half days. Best schedule ever in effect across the continent. Passenger trains are all now lighted by electricity and heated by steam. For tickets apply to E. E. Blackwood, agent, Adelphi Building. *

RED TAPEISM CHECKMATED.

A Way Devised to Beat the Port Townsend Quarantine.

A Port Townsend special says: "Shipping men discovered a way to avoid subjecting an inward bound vessel from a foreign port to quarantine inspection, which, incidentally, brings up a slight disagreement with the customs authorities. The law requires such vessels to procure quarantine bills of health at this port before passing up Sound or entering any of the sub-ports. Exceptions are made to Port Angeles, a port of call, where a municipal bill of health is all that is necessary. The British ship Gilcruix from Iquique, Chile, arrived at Port Angeles this week, procured a local bill of health, filed her entrance manifest at the customs house there and then received notice from her charterers that she was to load at Port Blakeley, and proceed up Sound in tow of a tug without stopping at the quarantine station. The proceeding was regular enough under the law, and the government quarantine officer, Dr. Simpson, was powerless to order her back here for inspection. Under existing regulations the later does not inspect craft after sun down, which sometimes occasions vessels a few hours' delay, and that is the reason shipping men are taking advantage of the Port Angeles system of inspection, the health officer being accommodating to examine vessels at any hour of the day or night. Collector Saunders and Dr. Simpson have even sent full statements to the department and asked for instructions with a view of obviating similar trouble in the future and to preserve a thorough system of quarantine inspection in the district."

Law Intelligence.

Mr. Justice 'Crease in the supreme court chambers this morning heard the following applications:

Cooley v. Fitzstubbs.—E. M. Johnson appeared in person in support of an application that his name be struck out as a party defendant, as he had not been served with a copy of the order of the divisional court making him a party defendant. Gordon Hunter contra. His lordship, upon referring to the order of the divisional court, said he had no jurisdiction to grant the application and dismissed it. Costs in the cause.

Payne v. City of Victoria.—Order made for trial of action on March 12th before a special jury. This is an action for $1000 damages for injuries sustained by plaintiff, who is a street-car conductor, some months ago. He was going from a car to a trailer and was struck by some trestles and severely injured. Simpkins (Drake, Jackson & Helmcken) for plaintiff.

Ward v. Clark.—Potts (A. L. Belyea) obtained an order allowing defendants to amend their defence.

Pike v. Mawdley.—Crease (Bodwell & Irving), for the plaintiff, obtained an order to proceed with accounts.

Culverwell, Brooks & Co. v. Marvin.—Luxton, for the defendants, obtained an order for further particulars of the plaintiffs' claim.

Clementson Bros. v. Sehl-Hastie Co.—Herbert Robertson, for the defendants, moved to set aside the writ of summons herein on the ground that the copy filed did not comply with rule 23 in having the signature to it of the solicitor issuing the writ. George Jay, for the plaintiff, contra. Motion dismissed. Costs in the cause.

Watts—Isn't there a play called "The Kentucky Colonel?"
Potts—I believe there is. I think it is some sort of a tank drama, though I am not sure.

"Blinkers looks as happy as if he'd come into a fortune."
"Well, it's just about that."
"His salary increased?"
"No; invited his wife to go sleigh riding and she had the toothache and couldn't go."

Mr. Jay—I should like to know something.
Miss Bird—I should say you needed to.

"William is a scholard, an' is a-writin' of poultry; but Dick is a-pushin' him close."
"What's Dick doing?"
"Sellin' of eggs."

To the Many Readers of the Times:

We often wonder if the ladies of Victoria take any interest in the manufacturing industries of the Province. Would they like to see Victoria a great and prosperous city? How to become such is a BURNING QUESTION at the present time. One thing the ladies can do towards realizing this is to encourage the manufacture of home products, by using home-made goods in preference to the imported. By so doing other factories will spring up, the idle mechanic have work, our fair city will grow, and prosperity come to all.

SEE TO IT LADIES, that your house is well supplied with home manufactured and home tested goods, thereby keeping our money from the eastern manufacturer and the RAILROADS.

When ordering from your grocer don't forget to ask for FINDLAY'S SOAP. Better than most and as good as any to be found in the city.

We Carry the Largest and Best Assorted Stock of
Sheet Music
and Books....

In the City. All the latest standard and popular music of the day AT LOWEST PRICES.

THE HEINTZMAN is the best piano in the City.

M. W. WAITT & CO.,
64 Government Street

PERPLEXITY AT OTTAWA

The Painful Exhibition of Indecision and Hesitation Still Continues.

Abortive Cabinet Meetings—The Success of the Liberals Is Certain.

(From our own correspondent.)

Ottawa, Feb. 18.—Another week has passed, and still no definite decision has been arrived at in regard to dissolution. No more is known about this much discussed question to-day than was a week ago, or for that matter a month ago, despite the fact that the great cabinet meeting of yesterday, which was to settle the matter, is over.

In the early part of the week Sir Mackenzie Bowell sent out a circular letter to all the cabinet ministers asking them to attend a meeting of council at two o'clock yesterday, as busines of importance was to be discussed.

There was no secret about it, for the premier admitted it, that the business referred to was the question of dissolution. It was to be decided whether there was to be a session or dissolution first.

In reply to the premier's request all the cabinet ministers who held portfolios, and who were of the cabinet but had not portfolios, were in attendance. Hon. Donald Ferguson, the new minister from Prince Edward Island, arrived at noon to be present. Hon. Dr. Montague, who is the orator of the cabinet, came all the way from Dunnville to aid his colleagues in settling this vexed question. Sir Frank Smith, who is said to possess the business brains of the council, came from Toronto and had several interviews with Sir Mackenzie before the cabinet met. Sir Frank has got a good deal to say in the doings of the present administration. It is a question whether it is he or Sir Mackenzie who is premier at times. At any rate, such is generally believed. Besides Dr. Montague, Mr. Ferguson and Sir Frank all the ministers holding portfolios were in attendance. In fact every one of the fifteen cabinet ministers was in his seat. Mr. Foster had arrived at noon from New Brunswick, where he was attending a convention of the party in his constituency. At that convention Mr. Pugsley was nominated in his place, as it was generally understood that Mr. Foster was not able to carry the riding. The finance minister has accepted the nomination in York county, and the present representative, Mr. Temple, will get one of the eleven vacancies which are now waiting defeated politicians in the senate. But it is questionable if even Mr. Foster will carry this riding. Mr. Temple had a majority of about two hundred, but the country is by no means given over to the Tories, and a good strong Liberal candidate would be certain to carry it. Mr. Pugsley will have no more chance of carrying King's than Mr. Foster. If Hon. Mr. Blair, premier of the province, will contest York county Mr. Foster will probably not be in it. Mr. Blair is likely to be a candidate and may run in either Westmoreland or York county. If he does so then he would be certain to be in Mr. Laurier's cabinet. As to the Liberals being in power after the next general election, it is never questioned here, so that the question now is as to who the ministers will be. Mr. Blair is one of the ablest men in Canada. With Mr. Fielding, now premier of Nova Scotia, and Hon. D. C. Fraser, Hon. L. H. Davies and Mr. Blair the Maritime Provinces would be better represented than they have been since confederation.

Take Quebec, and where are there three better men in the Dominion compared with Hon. Mr. Laurier, Hon. Mr. Joly and C. A. Geoffrion, who is to run in Vercherres.

Ontario has got a supply of Liberal talent which could furnish material for half a dozen of cabinets.

Either Hon. Joseph Martin, Hon. Isaac Campbell or Hon. R. Watson, of Manitoba, would make a good minister of the interior for the west.

British Columbia, were the province ambitious, would certainly have representation in the cabinet. So far it has devoted its whole attention to swelling the Tory majority in the house and has laid the best interests of the province to one side. If it had not done so it would not have been to-day left out in the cold while such a small province as Prince Edward Island has got representation in the ministry. Why is it that the Maritime Provinces have got five cabinet ministers, while the whole country west of Ontario has only got one? Who is to blame for this? British Columbia should take the matter into consideration before the general elections, so that the province may not for the next five years be as badly represented as it has for the past dozen years or more.

But, to return to the cabinet meeting which I started out with. It lasted from 2 o'clock until 6. Shortly after I saw the premier and he told me that no decision was arrived at.

I learned afterwards that the whole sitting was devoted to a discussion of the Manitoba school question. Earlier in the day Archbishop Duhamel and the Rev. Father Allard waited on the premier and presented him with a petition asking the government to disallow the act of the Manitoba legislature which was passed at the last session preventing any school funds from being collected for any other than public school purposes. The bill becomes law next month, and the petition asks that this clause of the bill be disallowed. That is one point which was before teh cabinet in regard to Manitoba schools.

The other great question is that in respect to granting remedial legislation to the Roman Catholics in the province. The French ministers in the cabinet say that until the policy of the government is known in respect to the later question there is no use of their going to Quebec. In consequence of this it was decided to hear the appeal of the Roman Catholics of Manitoba at a meeting in the privy council chamber on Tuesday, the 26th inst. The Manitoba government and John S. Ewart, Q. C., of Winnipeg, on behalf of the Roman Catholics, will be notified to be present. It is not likely that the Manitoba government will put in an appearance. At any rate, after these forms have been gone through the general elections will probably be on. A strong bid will be made for the Roman Catholic vote in the way of promising remedial legislation.

SLABTOWN.

DANGER IN ADULTERATIONS.

How to Detect the Danger in Impure Food Stuffs.

One of the most beneficent of services being rendered mankind by the chemical laboratories, through state boards of health and the agricultural department at Washington, is the exposition of fraudulent food preparations. A grand effort has long been made to get manufacturers to mark packages with labels that tell no lies. For instance, if a man prefers to take "molasses water and a little odd-tasting herb," each separately, he should have that privilege; and, also, the one of taking sarsaparilla as he pleases. He should not be obliged to use his faith in man's honesty when he drinks the first concoction under guise of the second, for the iodide of potash it is likely to contain may make his digestion more cranky than before.

Nor should any of us be compelled to swallow sawdust under misapprehension. "A peck of sawdust" may now well be said to be a man's limit. It is a greater favorite with the mixer than "sticks and stones," barks, husks, charcoal, exhausted tea leaves, flour paste, etc. However, thanks to the energy of the various health departments, there is much less pernicious adulteration practiced than formerly. Laws and regulations are enforced more carefully, the polariscope and the microscope now strike terror to the soul of the concoctor of beverages and foods.

It is hard to believe our best tea can be injurious. But as it has been the most abused of all such goods, for which we may thank the wily Chinese, it behooves us to make tests by examining the leaves after soaking. A genuine tea leaf will be firm and tough when picked up with a pin. It is long and pointed, with delicate veins looked along its edges. The latter is an important means of identification. As many as thirty-two kinds of leaves have been passed off as genuine. Ash, plum, oleo, elder, hawthorn, willow, alum, wisteria, camellia and other leaves, with graphite, Prussian blue, indigo, tumeric, gypsum and iron filings to add flavor and weight, are some of the ingredients which unsuspecting purchasers buy, brew and imbibe. Add to these recolored and reflavored exhausted leaves, and one does not wonder nerves and digestion become "cranky."

Coffee follows in the wake of tea, with the addition of various hard substances like sawdust and husks, rye, peas, beans, carrots, acorns, and roots, etc. One of the most successful imitations is the making from flour paste the actual counterfeit of the coffee bean. So perfect is the little form turned out and flavored that a very bright inspector was completely befogged until he brought his microscope to bear upon it. Then an American Indian would have been no more easily detected than were the beans of flour. A good test is to soak a pinch of ground coffee in cold water. Adulterations will fall to the bottom. The pure article floats. Greater opportunity for deception is afforded in all ground materials so that to use coffee in the bean may save some trouble. Because it is used as an antidote for certain poisons, adulterations should be a penal offense.

Chocolate, being a manufactured article affords excellent means of fraud. The best article is neither gravelly nor pasty when mixed with water. One used to whiten it. Undoctored flour is not perfectly white, and housekeepers would send a purer bread to table if they were willing to forego the whiteness and take a flour of natural color. Alum is likely to cause dyspepsia and a general disorder of the stomach. Carbonate of soda is largely used to doctor a low grade of flour. Obviously the fewer chemicals administered to our stomachs the better health we are going to have, and certainly the staff of life should not be overdosed with acids for the sake of a little difference in color.

The microscopic examination of samples of spices shows as great a percentage of sophistication as almost any other product, unless it be certain drugs. Every conceivable substitute is used to make up a compound of spice, ostensibly pure, but alas, in reality, scarce a third pure, the rest anything from ground sawdust to pulverized brown bread. Here our only resort for outwitting such practices is to supply the kitchen with a spice mill, purchase the whole berries or beans, and refuse to feed the family on indigestible chips or husks. No wonder our sinapisms don't burn when a half of the pure mustard is made up of wheat, rice, tumeric and the like. An authority assures us that sugar is generally pure. Rigid inspection prevents frauds formerly practiced.

The canning of goods has been vastly improved of late years through the energy of the department of agriculture under Dr. Wiley. So much adulteration and preserving elements were used that every bulletin showed almost universal sophistication. Poison from lead tops is now almost wholly avoided, while a purer tin is used for the cans. The sulphurous and salicylic acids for insuring preservation are more carefully used, at least on this side of the Atlantic, France being the greatest offender for many years.

The multitude of the canning trade makes it imperative that housekeepers should examine all such food before being consumed.

No can should hold its contents after being opened. The air immediately begins the chemical action upon the tin, the fermentation and putrefaction sets in immediately. Lead tops should be refused. A good, pure flavor should alone be noticed on opening. The cans should not look dull and leady. This should show a cheap article, more than the law allows. Well cooked brands are safest, as the more cooking is given a fruit or vegetable the less like salicylic acid has been employed as a preservative. In 1892 the New York board of health destroyed over one million pounds of unwholesome fruit. Our alternative against such wholesale trickers is to wait for time to prove an article's worth, as we wait for a new book to prove its importance after reading. Pure food is nature's demand. Adulterated and unwholesome preparations quickly tell their story by weakened, "cranky" stomachs. We must look out for the "honest little chap." Uncertainty can be made surety by reference to the local health inspector or to the health board's secretary. Better still, buy only the best.

Anæmic Women

with pale or sallow complexions, or suffering from skin eruptions or scrofulous blood, will find quick relief in Scott's Emulsion. All of the stages of Emaciation, and a general decline of health, are speedily cured.

Scott's Emulsion

takes away the pale, haggard look that comes with General Debility. It enriches the blood, stimulates the appetite, creates healthy flesh and brings back strength and vitality. For Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Weak Lungs, Consumption and Wasting Diseases of Children.

Send for our pamphlet. Mailed FREE.

Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & $1.

SHOOTING JAPAN PHEASANTS.

A California Sportsman's Experience in the Mikado's Land.

Shooting in Japan is dissimilar in some respects to amateur sports elsewhere. To shoot at all, every bearer of a gun must procure a license, for which 10 yen a year. The "yen" is about the equivalent of half a dollar, and for the sum the possessor of a license is entitled to the privilege of shooting when and where he pleases, except on inclosed grounds, for the term of one year.

J. S. Fanning, who came up from Japan the other day, tells stories of the shooting in that queer country which differ in certain material points from the recital of sportsmen who are familiar with pheasant shooting in England, in Germany, China and other lands infested with these birds. As Fanning tells the story it is rather funny. "I landed in Yokohama," he said, with $1,500 or $2,000, good health and a twelve-bore shotgun. My first inquiry was as to the sport to be had in Japan. I had the good fortune to become acquainted with officials of high rank, nearly all of whom are sportsmen of the most elevated sort. I found pointer dogs in Yokohama and later in Tokio, bred by William Schrieber of San Francisco—in fact the emperor of Japan hunts over a pointer bred by Schreiber, and sent to Japan through the Prince a Arisagawa, whose engagements in the Corean war have made his name familiar to newspaper readers.

"Shooting was easy around Yokohama. Any reasonable application at once secured a license and when that was in hand nothing was left but to hire a jinriksha man and go to the hills. Japan is a country of hills and pheasants are most common in the timber and low cover of the volcanic heights near Yokohama and nearly everywhere else throughout the empire. The jinriksha man costs 12 cash each day, about 7 cents in American money, and for that sum the man wheels the sportsman some thirteen or fourteen miles from Yokohama into the hills where the pheasants are plenty. There are two sorts, the copper pheasant, which is the common bird of the country, and the green-neck, which is presumed to be the Tartar pheasant, introduced from China. The copper pheasant is like the green neck in being extremely strong on the wing, but is much more common and affords the upland shooting of Japan. I had my English setter with me, because I couldn't borrow the emperor's pointer, and my jinriksha man, the one whom I had engaged for my first shooting trip, proved himself to be better than the poor dog. He knew the habits of the queer long-tailed reddish brown clucking birds that flushed squawking out of every clump, scrub oak and dwarf pine in the lava. The jinriksha man made more points than the dog and brought more birds to the gun.

Four or five hours in the bush furnished a bag of about fifty pheasants, of which something like two-thirds were the copper birds and the rest the green necks. By 3 o'clock the sport was ended for the day, because the pheasants began to leave for the higher hills and the thick timber. On the way home the jinriksha man at the first paddy-field stopped and in pantomime suggested the propriety of tramping through the rice, and his suggestion was adopted. Within a few yards a woodcock jumped and was downed; another, possibly the second of a pair, took wing and was floored. The paddy-field produced five woodcocks and eleven Wilson snipe. The jinriksha man did the retrieving in perfect style, not mouthing a bird, and on the way back to Yokohama stopped at several rice fields, which gave up from one to five or six woodcocks or snipe. When the Bund was at last reached the jinriksha was quite well filled with pheasants, woodcock and English snipe, and the shooter was altogether the proudest sportsman who ever pulled a trigger as a representative of San Francisco abroad."—San Francisco Call.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m. Lv ....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 8, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

TRANSPORTATION.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 25,

Taking effect January 1st, 1895.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday).

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Moresby Island, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports via Vancouver the — and — of each month at — o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

Great Northern Railway

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago can take sleeping car at Seattle through without change. Passengers leave Victoria daily at 7:30 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the east, running Buffet Cars, with bath-room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and Dining Cars, Family Tourist Sleepers, and First and Second Class Coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson and other points in the Kootenay mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascades and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

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No. 72 Government Street.

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St. Paul, Minnesota.

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RUNS

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

To
St. Paul,
Minneapolis,
Duluth,
Fargo,
Grand Forks
Cookston,
Winnipeg,
Helena and
Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED			Victoria Route.			TONNAGE
18 knots			S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."			1147
8 30 pm	Lv	MI	...*Victoria...	110	Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	38	Pt. Townsend	72	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	....Seattle....	28	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	..*Tacoma..	MI	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

S. R. BLACKWOOD
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TRANSPORTATION.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 23.

To take effect at 8:00 a.m. on Thursday, Jan. 10th, 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

NORTH BOUND. (Read Down) No. 2 Pass. Daily	M. fr. Vic	STATIONS.	M. fr. W'l	SOUTH BOUND. (Read up.) No. 1 Pass. Daily
P.M. De 3.00		Victoria	78	NOON. Ar. 12.00
" 3.04	1	Russell's	77	" 11.56
" 3.14	4	Esquimalt	74	" 11.46
" 3.17	5	Stewart's	73	" 11.43
" 3.20	6	Parson's Bridge	72	" 11.40
" 3.27	8	Langford	70	" 11.33
" 3.37	11	Goldstream	67	" 11.23
" 4.05	20	Summit Siding	58	" 10.55
" 4.30	28	Shawnigan Lake	50	" 10.30
" 4.40	31	Cobble Hill	47	" 10.20
" 4.55	35	McPherson's	43	" 10.05
" 5.05	38	Koksilah	40	" 9.55
" 5.10	40	Duncan's	38	" 9.50
" 5.20	43	Somenos	35	" 9.40
5.27	47	Westholme	30	" 9.33
" 5.42	52	Chemainus	26	" 9.18
" 6.00	58	Oyster Bay Siding	19	" 9.00
" 6.09	62	Oyster Bay	16	" 8.51
" 6.40	73	Nanaimo	5	" 8.20
Ar. 7.00	78	Wellington		" 8.00 A.M

On Saturday and Sunday.

Return tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return tickets for one and half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days including day of issue.

No return tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria, Duncan's and Nanaimo Stations.

A. DUNSMUIR, President.
JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY

STEAMER **JOAN**

W. D. OWEN, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria....Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria ... Store street.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

NO CHANGE

....OF CARS....

FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN

RATES
$5 to $10
CHEAPER

THAN VIA ANY OTHER LINE.

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GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. and Pass. Agent, Vancouver, B. C.
—OR TO—
GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Victoria, B. C.

HONOLULU, BY O. S. S. CO. ONLY SEVEN DAYS!

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Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, March 16th, 1895, at 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St.
For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 2,500 ton Steel Screw Steamer Mariposa—Thursday, March 7, at 2 p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the English Mails.

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JUST TO HAND--3 Cases Men's and Boys' Clothing.
PRICES LOW. 4 Cases Underwear and Top Shirts.
B. Williams & Co., Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson St.

NEWS OF THE INTERIOR.

Progress in Mining on the Fraser and Elsewhere.

MIDWAY.

Midway Advance.

The road along the river bluff on Vasseau lake is still in a very rough condition, and the portion around the north bluff is below high water mark. As the making of the road around these bluffs cost such an enormous pile of money it should certainly be worth while to make the job complete, as at present it is impossible to team heavy freight over this portion of the new through route to Kettle river.

The Spotted Horse and the Lead King have been bonded by Mr. C. C. Sands—figure not yet transpired. The former claim is owned by Messr. Covert and Sutherland, and is situated close to the mouth of Copper creek, near the road into Deadwood. It was located in 1893 and has three foot vein, two feet of which is solid galena ore. It is principally a lead proposition, samples assaying 65 per cent. lead, 32 ounces silver and a few dollars in gold. A tunnel twenty-five feet in length has been run in on this lead. The Lead King lies behind Mr. Lind's cabin on Grouse mountain, and was located by Messrs. Symonds and Wallace last October.

The Cariboo Mining company of Camp McKinney have declared a dividend of $8000, to be paid on February 18. This is the first dividend on the shares of this company, and considering the great amount of expense they have been put to in the shape of improvements around the mine since it was started, some ten months ago, and also considering the fact that after paying this dividend they have a large surplus of funds on hand, all will agree that it speaks volumes for the management and gives to other mining men a foretaste of what may be done in some of our camps by energy well directed.

Now that Boundary is getting a good name on the outside and considerable money has already been turned over in this camp by holders of claims, it behooves people up north who know little or nothing of mining to beware of putting their hard earned money into claims without having the properties examined and reported on by at least a mining man of some practical experience. Those who purchased wildcats solely on the strength of pretty free gold specimens exhibited to them, and without knowing anything of the character of the property they are acquiring, or if it can be worked to a profit, have only themselves to thank if—to use the vernacular of the west—they get very badly left. The unsophisticated sucker does more harm to a mining camp than the wildcat boomer.

KAMLOOPS.

Inland Sentinel.

Mr. J. Woodrow went to the coast on Wednesday night with a car load of cattle, purchased from Mr. W. R. Macdonald, of Napier lake.

Mr. J. A. Monteith, provincial officer at Vernon, on Thursday night brought over two prisoners to Kamloops jail, one Louis Lessard, to await trial for stealing wheat from Mr. O'Keefe, and a man named Brownrow, for setting fire to hay stacks at Southern Okanagan.

Mining seems to be starting up in fair shape at Spence's Bridge. There are a few Indians and Chinamen washing along the banks from here to Thompson Siding and between the latter place and Drynock. A white miner by the name of J. Cullen seems to be doing pretty well in his search for gold.

The Inland Game Protection society has received encouragement on every hand, and the list of wardens is almost complete. The names will be published in a subsequent issue. It is safe to say the close season will be well observed this year. To introduce some game birds not indigenous to the district has been suggested.

A young man named Wadsworth, a brother of Miss Wadsworth, of this city, was up this week from Ashford to have his injured arm dressed. He had been working on the Ashcroft bridge, and one day a workman named Hubbard became enraged at another and was about to strike him with a saw. Wadsworth interposed and received the blow on the elbow, a part of the bone at the joint being severed from the remainder. It is probable the heroic young man will always have a stiff arm. Hubbard has been arrested for assault and will come up for speedy trial before His Honor Judge Cornwall.

The French Mining company held a practical test with their dredge at Mormon bar, about six miles above Lytton, on the Fraser, last week. They pumped about fifteen hours, and picked up out of the first sluice box over two oz. of very coarse gold. This was not a clean up, it was simply picked up in pieces. The pieces weighed from one dollar downward. This is the first thorough test that has been made, and it settles beyond a doubt that suction pipes will raise all kinds of gold, coarse or fine. Mr. Young is greatly pleased with the results of the test, and is confident that their scow will do very well the coming summer.

PORT HAMMOND.

Port Hammond, Feb. 22.—The weather for the past week has been all that could be desired. The farmers are now making preparations for spring work.

Mr. J. S. Rosebrough, who has rented Mrs. T. S. Higginson's farm on the Pitt Meadows, has begun to move his personal effects. Already a large amount of fencing has been done and a large house has been erected on the premises.

Loyal Fraser Valley lodge, No. 9, C. O. O. F., held its regular meeting on Saturday, February 16th. There was a large attendance and business of great importance was transacted. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed. This lodge is on the "boom."

There are "wars and rumors of wars" in this municipality over money granted on roads last year. Law suits are threatened against several parties.

CHILCOTIN.

Hanceville, Feb. 7.—The winter has been mild so far and cattle are doing well. The winter ranges along the Fraser and Chilcotin are almost free from snow and more than half the cattle are wintering out. The snow got quite deep by the first week in January, and things looked pretty blue for the cattle men, but we had a big Chinook then, and no snow has fallen since. The thermometer went down to 30 degrees below one morning, but there was no wind, and we survived.

The government are putting a bridge across the Chilcotin at Hanceville, and by making a short piece of road down the south side of the river to connect with the Canada Western company's road and moving the Canoe creek ferry eight or ten miles up the Fraser, the wagon road from here to Ashcroft will be shortened about 90 miles.

I must say that the foreman on the bridge has not treated the workingmen of this section very fairly, but that may be part of the Davie government's policy, as this place is decidedly opposition. Out of thirteen or fourteen men on the bridge only two are actual settlers, the others coming in from Quesnelle mouth and Soda creek. Quite a number of men, new settlers, expected to get work, and indeed it would have been a great help to them in the idle winter months.

It is to be hoped that they will put the bridge in to stay this time, as the last one went out immediately after being built, with the ice. Only a single row of piles were driven for each pier, like what one sees in a bridge across a bay or slough not what should have been put in a river that runs from six to ten miles an hour, and it furnishes another instance of the present government's penny wise and pound foolish system. The cost of the first bridge was five or six thousand dollars, and it was almost a total loss.

BUNCH GRASS.

THE WHALEBACK EVERETT.

Due At Comox To-day to Load Her First Cargo of Coal.

The new whaleback Everett left Seattle at daylight yesterday morning for Comox, which place she has reached ere this. She was in charge of Pilot Jas. Christensen, and among her passengers was James Dunsmuir, who joined her at Seattle, where she went after coal for fuel. The Everett will load 4000 tons of coal at Comox for San Francisco, and her designer, Captain McDougall, will very likely make the initial trip on her.

The City of Everett is the first vessel turned out at the Pacific Steel Barge works at Everett, and cost upwards of $300,000. She is given the highest rating by the Bureau Veritas. Captain R. D. Bucknam, master of the steamer, is the superintendent on the Atlantic coast for the American steel barge company, and is an able and experienced officer. J. B. Gibson, first officer, has been for some time in the service of the company, and formerly commanded the bark Colorado and is a good seaman; J. B. Hastings is second officer, and well qualified for the place; R. B. Blauvelt, chief engineer, has brought out all the company's steamers on the lakes and is an officer of the greatest ability. His assistants, J. J. Chisholm and C. L. Bellamore, are experienced engineers. Among the passengers who will take the first trip to San Francisco are Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Crooker of Everett; Mr. and Mrs. George L. Hutchings and children, Mr. and Mr. C. I. Marshall, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Smith, Mr. Hugh Calderwood, Mr. T. L. Grant, Mr. S. Peterson and Mr. Alexander Clelland, all of Everett, and Mr. and Mrs. H. Cranston Potter and Mr. Kershaw, of Tacoma.

TYPE OF THE BLIND.

Marvelous Progress in Printing for the Sightless.

Braille is the raised type by which reading matter for the blind is stamped or embossed on paper. The work of the Howe Memorial Press, which prints publications for the blind, has been carried out with efficiency and regularity, and the following books have been issued during the year: "George Eliot's "Adam Bede," in three volumes; Elementary Arithmetic, compiled by Mabel Townsend; Collar and Daniell's Beginner's Latin Book in two volumes, and Latin-English Vocabulary; Landon's Pianoforte Method, volume two; Mary P. Webster's preparations for Harmony; W. S. Matthew's Standard Series, grade one; Bach's Fifteen Two-Voiced Inventions and Three-Voiced Inventions; Selected Hymns. Several pieces of sheet music for voice, band and pianoforte have been printed. There are now in press a Latin-English Lexicon and Caesar's Commentaries. A supply of new type has been case, and a second sterotyping machine has been added to the appliances of the printing department. Every one who reads this report for 1894 of the Perkins school in Massachusetts should see the remarkably ingenious printing which the able superintendent of our Philadelphia school at Twentieth and Ray streets has done here. Saturday is the day when vistors are most welcome there and the work both in handicrafts and in other studies is not only astonishing, it makes one thankful to be living in an age that does so much for the formerly helpless.

The Genuine Merit

Of Hood's Sarsaparilla wins friends wherever it is fairly and honestly tried. To have perfect health you must have pure blood, and the best way to have pure blood is to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, the best blood purifier and strength builder. It expels all taints of scrofula, salt rheum and all other humoros, and at the same time builds up the whole system.

HOOD'S PILLS are prompt and efficient. 25c.

KEEPING THE SHRINE.

The smoke upon your altar dies,
The flowers decay,
The goodness of your sacrifice
Has flown away;
What profit then to sing or slay
The sacrifice from day to day?

"We know the shrine is void," they said,
"The goodness flown—
Yet wreaths are on the altar laid—
The altar stone
Is black with fumes of sacrifice,
Albeit she has fled our eyes.

"For it may be, if we still sing
And tend the shrine,
Some deity in wandering wing
May there incline;
And, finding all in order meet,
Stay while we worship at her feet."—

Rudyard Kipling.

AN ASKER OF ALMS.

A Case in Which the Mendicant Was Really Honest.

In ten beggars there are nine liars. This is not a Persian proverb; it is something I know to be true. My story—if a record of actual fact can be called a story—is about the tenth beggar.

I met him one rainy afternoon as I was hurrying along near Washington square, New York. Of course he asked for something, and of course I refused. I went on half a block to the office I was in search of, found no one in and turned back. The man was still standing on the corner. Several persons passed him, but he did not offer to speak to them. I fancied he had the air of one new to his trade and not yet past feeling ashamed of it. He was a man of about 35, of medium height and was slightly stooped. He had an abstracted look, as of an absent-minded person, but the expression of his face was not unpleasant. Finally, he wore glasses, and I think that this was the real reason I stopped and spoke to him.

"Excuse me, sir, for speaking to you," he said, in reply to my question, speaking with a strong German accent, "but I have no money; I can get no work."

"What was your work?"

"I am a teacher of Latin, French, German."

"Are you a graduate?"

"Ach, yes. I am Doctor of Philology of the university of Jena."

Doctor or no doctor, he was getting wet, and so was I. I walked him over to a little restaurant, and there he told his story.

He had ben a teacher in the gymnasium at Potsdam, he said, and hearing of the large salaries paid in America, came here in November. He applied to Columbia and the university of the city of New York, and wrote some letters, but of course at that time of the year there were no vacancies. He had tried to secure private pupils, but without success. Becoming discouraged, and having no friends to turn to, he simply drifted about the city, week after week, till his money was gone. "Tempora mutantur," he said:

"I do not like to beg, but what could I do?"

When I told him I had studied German he fairly glowed.

"So you have read Heine—Schiller. Are they not wonderful?"

For months, I suppose, he had heard nothing but the slang of the streets. To meet a person who knew his favorite authors was a rare pleasure, and he spluttered away about them in broken English for some time. Finally he told me that his name was Hoevel, and that he was unmarried.

When he had finished his meal he said in Latin "Let us go."

"I have work to do this afternoon," I said, "and I cannot stay any longer. Where can I see you—where do you live?"

"I live anywhere. I have no home."

"But where do you sleep?"

"In a big place; it is 20 cents a night."

"There are places where you can stay for 15."

I realized the heedlessness of this as soon as I said it.

"Yes, but they are—you call it bum."

I deliberated a moment. Can you meet me at this corner at 5 o'clock to-morrow? I don't know that I can do anything for you, but I'll see. And if I'm not here to-morrow, come the next day at the same time: I'll be there one day or the other.

He promised to come, and we parted. That night I told the story to a crowd of young fellows at the boarding house. They seemed interested in the man, and the upshot of it was that we decided to form a German conversation class and engage my doctor of philology as teacher.

As I had expected, business made it impossible for me to keep the appointment the next day. But the next day after I was at the appointed place ten minutes before time. I waited and loitered about that corner till the policeman grew suspicious. Till 5.30 I stayed there, but the man did not come. I never saw him again.

All this happened nearly a year ago. The other day I picked up a paper and read this item:

"Emil Hoevel, a German teacher of languages, committed suicide yesterday afternoon on the steps of the Yorkville police court, in East Fifty-seventh street, this city, by stabbing himself to the heart. The man, it is said, had received a university education in Germany. Despondency over his poor success in securing pupils and his poverty were the causes of his act."

Then I wished I had kept the appointment on the first day.—B. A. Heydrick, in Kate Field's Washington.

Banker (to applicant for clerkship) Have you had any experience in the bank?

Applicant—Yes, sir; I was a depositor in one until the cashier ran away with all the funds.—Harper's Bazar.

People Who
Weigh and Compare

Know and get the best. Cottolene, the new vegetable shortening, has won a wide and wonderful popularity. At its introduction it was submitted to expert chemists, prominent physicians and famous cooks. All of these pronounced

Cottolene

a natural, healthful and acceptable food-product, better than lard for every cooking purpose.

The success of Cottolene is now a matter of history. Will you share in the better food and better health for which it stands, by using it in your home?

Cottolene is sold in 3 and 5 pound pails by all grocers.

Made only by
The N. K. Fairbank Company,
Wellington and Ann Sts.,
MONTREAL.

Bank of British Columbia.

Savings Bank Department.

NOTICE TO DEPOSITORS.

From 1st January, 1895, and until further notice, the rate of interest allowed on Savings Bank Deposits by this Bank will be three per cent. (3 per cent) per annum.

GEORGE GILLESPIE,
Manager.
Bank of British Columbia,
Victoria. 18th Nov., 1894.

Simpson, Strickland & Co
DARTMOUTH, ENGLAND,
Engineers, Yacht & Launch Builders

KINGDON TRADE MARK

SOLE MAKERS OF
Kingdon's Patent Machinery,
—FOR—
STEAM LAUNCHES,
ELECTRIC LIGHT and
AGRICULTURAL PURPOSES.

We build and completely equip First-class Launches of all descriptions for Lake, Sea, River and shallow draught work.

OUR SPECIALTIES ARE
First in Economy, Power, Speed and Lightness.
The materials and the workmanship are the best.
Write for catalogue and price list.

Mortgagee's Sale.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in an indenture of mortgage dated 25th August, 1892, and registered in the Land Registry Office, Victoria, in Charge Book vol. 11, fol. 341 as No. 13274 B., sealed tenders, addressed to the undersigned will be received up to 26th February, instant, for the purchase of lot 1, part of lots 71 and 80, Fairfield Farm Estate (map 425) Victoria city. There is a two-story frame dwelling on the property with convenient outbuildings.

The highest approved tender over $1,250 will be accepted.

32 Langley street, Victoria, February, 1895.

DUMBLETON & ELLIOTT,
f15-td Solicitors for Mortagee.

Card of Thanks.

To Mr. Beaumont Boggs, Agent Eastern Assurance Company of Canada:

Dear Sir,—I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your cheque for settlement of my claim against your Company, and to express my appreciation of the prompt manner in which you have paid the same. Yours truly,

f21-4t L. M. FLOWERS.

SEALED TENDERS

Will be received by the undersigned up to the 1st of March next for supplying the City Schools with fire wood. Forms of tender and further particulars may be obtained at 46 Fort street.

B. WILLIAMS,
f21-td Secretary School Board.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Notice of Assignment.

Re estate of Charles A. Lombard. Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," and the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Amendment Act, 1894."

Notice is hereby given that Charles A. Lombard, residing at 56 Collison street in the city of Victoria, B. C., carrying on business at 61 Government street in the city of Victoria aforesaid, under the style and name of C. A. Lombard & Co., music dealer, has by deed dated the 14th day of February, 1895, granted and assigned all his personal estate, credits and effects, which may be seized and sold under execution and all his real estate (except leaseholds) unto William Henry Bone, of 69 Government street in the city of Victoria, and residing at Holgate, Topaz avenue, in the said city, stationer, in trust, for the purpose of paying and satisfying ratably and proportionately and without preference or priority the creditors of the said Charles A. Lombard. The said deed was executed by the said parties thereto and the trusts thereby created were accepted and undertaken by the said William Henry Bone on the 14th day of February, 1895.

Creditors of the said Charles A. Lombard are required to send forthwith full particulars of their claims proved by statutory declaration to the said trustee, and all persons indebted to the said Charles A. Lombard are required to pay the amount of their indebtedness to the said trustee forthwith.

After the 15th day of April, 1895, the said trustee will proceed to distribute the assets among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims of which he shall then have had notice, and the said trustee will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not at the time of such distribution have had notice.

Dated the 14th day of February, 1895.

S. PERRY MILLS,
46 Langley street, Victoria, solicitor for W. H. Bone, trustee.

A meeting of the creditors of the above estate will be held at the office of S. Perry Mills, 46 Langley street, on Saturday, the 23rd day of February, 1895, at 11 o'clock a.m.

W. H. BONE, Trustee.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," and Amending Acts.

Notice is hereby given that Charles Russell and James McDonald, carrying on business at the City of Victoria, and at the City of Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia, under the name, style and firm of Charles Russell, McDonald & Co., have by deed dated the 21st day of January, A.D. 1895, assigned all their and each of their real and personal estate whatsoever and wheresoever to Thomas Trevor Hull, of the said City of Victoria, accountant, for the purpose of paying and satisfying ratably and in proportion to their respective claims and debts and without preference or priority, the creditors of the said Charles Russell and James McDonald, and of the said Charles Russell, McDonald & Company. The said deed was executed by the said Charles Russell and James McDonald, the assignors, and by the said Thomas Trevor Hull, the assignee, on the 21st day of January, A.D. 1895, and the said assignee has undertaken and accepted the trust created by the said deed.

All persons having claims against the said assignors or the said Charles Russell, McDonald & Company must forward or deliver full particulars of claim duly verified to the undersigned on or before the 25th day of February, A.D. 1895 and all persons indebted to the said assignors or the said Charles Russell, McDonald & Company are requested to pay such indebtedness to the said assignee or to the undersigned forthwith. And notice is also hereby given that after the said 25th day of February, A.D. 1895, the assignee will proceed to distribute the assets amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said assignee shall then have had notice, and that the said assignee will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not at the time of such distribution have had notice.

Dated this 23rd day of January, A.D. 1895.

A. L. BELYEA,
Solicitor for the Assignee, office 4 and 5 Board of Trade Building, Bastion Square, Victoria, B.C.

Notice of Assignment

Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," and Amending Acts.

Notice is hereby given that John Graham Brown, of No. 45 North Chatham street, Victoria, British Columbia, contractor, has by deed dated the 14th day of February, 1895, granted and assigned all his real and personal estate (save as therein excepted) to John Manson Malcolm, of No. 43 Henry street, in the said city of Victoria, stone mason, in trust, for the benefit of all the creditors of the said John Graham Brown. The said deed was executed by the said parties, and the said John Manson Malcolm accepted the trusts thereunder, on the 14th day of February, 1895. All creditors are required to send full particulars of their claims, proved by affidavit or declaration to the undersigned on or before the 20th day of March, 1895.

Dated this 20th day of February, 1895.

THORNTON FELL,
Solicitor for the assignee, 50 Langley street, Victoria.

CREDITORS' MEETING.

A meeting of the creditors will be held at 50 Langley street, Victoria, B. C., on Monday, the 4th day of March, 1895, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. f21-1m

In the Matter of the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890" and Amending Acts.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph C. Devlin, of 234 Simcoe street, Victoria, did by deed dated the 13th of February, 1895, grant and assign his real and personal property unto Charles Fox Todd, of Wharf street, Victoria, and 218 Johnson street, Victoria, merchant, in trust, for the purpose of paying and satisfying ratably or proportionately and without preference or priority the creditors of the said Joseph C. Devlin.

All persons having claims against the said Joseph C. Devlin are requested to forward and deliver full particulars thereof, duly verified, to the said trustee on or before the 15th of March, 1895, after which day the said trustee will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice.

Dated February 15th, 1895.

C. F. TODD, Trustee.

A meeting of the creditors of the said Joseph C. Devlin will be held in the office of the said C. F. Todd on Wharf street, Victoria, at 3 p.m., on Friday, the 22nd day of February, 1895.

C. F. TODD, Trustee.

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN.)

Removed to 199 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Flumerfelt, Gorge Road.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

NANAIMO NEWS.

Mr. Smith Will Prove a Strong Candidate—Football.

Nanaimo, Feb. 25.—Mr. Smith, the opposition candidate possesses the faculty of making friends wherever he goes. He is cool in judgment, sound in reason and is a good debater. True he has not had much experience in Dominion politics but he is thoroughly conversant with the Liberal platform and knows what protection means. Mr. Smith will shortly stump this constituency in his own behalf and there is little doubt that he will convince the majority of those he comes in contact with that the opposition policy is the correct policy to support. The recent successful Liberal convention has aroused the ire of some of the old Tories here and even Mr. John Pawson is credited with the statement that before he will see a Liberal take the constituency, he will stand for election in the Tory interest.

The Nanaimo second Rangers visited Wellington on Saturday and met the home team on the new grounds there. The game was all in favor of the visitors who appeared to carry the ball wherever they pleased. The score at the close of the game was Nanaimo 9 goals to Wellington's nil.

The Hornets are now very anxious to meet the Vancouver team.

The remains of the late Mrs. Isabella Reid were brought to this city on Saturday night from California and interred in the Nanaimo cemetery. Deceased was one of the early pioneers and in consequence the remains were followed by a large concourse of friends and citizens.

It has been intimated that Mr Pearson, provincial auditor, will not present his report in reference to the audit of the city' clerk's books until next week.

ROBBERY AND ARSON.

Thieves Rob and Fire the Salvation Army Officers' Residence.

The residence of the Salvation Army officers on Douglas street was broken open and robbed last evening while the occupants of the place were attending the meeting at the barracks on Broad street. The thieves,n ot content with robbing the place, made a dastardly attempt to burn it down. All of the proceeds from the sale of the War Cry, the contents of Mrs. Archibald's purse, and all the money about the place were stolen. There was ample evidence of the handiwork of experienced thieves, for the place was searched in a systematic manner. A trunk containing a lot of papers was set fire to, either accidentally in searching it or to hide the fact that the place had been robbed, and when the occupants of the place returned from the meeting the blaze had almost eaten through the trunk. It was quickly extinguished but the papers were virstreet. The thieves, not content with The case was reported to the police at once and an endeavor is being made to trace the thieves.

A CAVALIER ANSWER.

Farmers Get Little Satisfaction in Regard to Cattle Destruction.

The following correspondence has been handed to the Times for publication, and does not call for any explanation. Somebody will be tempted in connection therewith to quote the text: "Or what man is there of you, whom if his son ask for bread, will he give him a stone?"

Lake District, near Victoria.
February 9th, 1895.

The Department of Agriculture, Govt. Buildings, Victoria; T. R. Anderson, Esq., Secretary.

Dear Sir,—At a large assemblage of farmers, dairymen and others held in the new Colquitz Hall, Carey Road, this evening, the following resolution was unanimously passed:

Moved by Mr. Holmes and seconded by Mr. Cavin:

That this meeting although fully recognizing that the Dominion government should assume all responsibility in connection with the tuberculosis question, still insists that the provincial government having taken upon itself the appointment of an inspector to act in the matter of destroying cattle said to be affected with tuberculosis and to quarantine others, it is clearly the duty of the provincial government to pay fair compensation for all cattle already killed or quarantined, and to see that no further injustice whatever is done by such killing or quarantining by order of the provincial government unless it is the intention of the provincial government to pay all damages connected therewith."

Would you be so kind as to promptly place this matter before the provincial government and oblige your obedient humble servant,

JOHN F. CHANDLER,
Chairman of meeting held in Colquitz Hall as above.

Lake District, near Victoria,
February 13th, 1895.

The Department of Agriculture, Govt. Buildings, Victoria; T. R. Anderson, Esq., Secretary.

Dear Sir,—At a large and representative meeting of farmers, dairymen and others, held in Cedar Hill School House this evening, the question of tuberculosis having been very vigorously discussed, the following resolution was moved by Mr. James Tod, Jr., and seconded by Mr. A. C. Howe, and unanimously passed:

"That this meeting having heard read the resolution that was passed at Colquitz Hall in Lake District on Saturday evening, 9th inst; after a full discussion of the tuberculosis question hereby fully endorse the said resolution."

It is only necessary that I should refer you to another communication from myself, hereto attached, informing you fully of the resolution passed at Colquitz Hall, to which reference is made in the resolution passed at Cedar Hill. I do trust that the provincial government will see its way clear to conceding what these large and influential meetings have with one voice demanded as a measure of justice.

I am requested to ask that you lay the matter before the government for consideration. I am, dear sir, your obedient servant,

JOHN F. CHANDLER,
Chairman of Cedar Hill meeting.

Department of Agriculture, British Columbia.

Victoria, February 20th, 1895.

Sir,—I have the honor of acknowledging the receipt of your two communications of the 9th and 13th instant, containing the resolutions passed by the meetings of farmers, dairymen and others, held at Colquitz and Cedar Hill, relating to the question of tuberculosis in cattle and the expression of opinion as to the responsibility of the government in connection therewith.

These communications have been laid before the executive and I am directed by the Hon. the Minister of Agriculture to say that an amendment to the Contagious Diseases Act has been introduced, under which cattle will be inspected and if found free of disease a clean bill of health will be given and advertised, and those having diseased cattle will be required to keep such diseased cattle away from all other cattle.

I am directed to say that the object of the present amendments and also of the original act is to protect the public against the spread of contagion. I have the honor to be, sir, your obedient servant,

(Signed) J. R. ANDERSON,
Statistician.

John F. Chandler, Esq., Lake District, near Victoria.

HAWAIIAN DEATH SENTENCE.

Strong Efforts Will be Made to Save Major Seward.

Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 25.—Major Wills T. Seward, who is under sentence of death in Honolulu for conspiracy to overthrow the republic, has a large number of friends in Pennsylvania who are making an effort to have the sentence commuted. Yesterday Common Pleas Judge Jacob F. Slagle forwarded to President Dole a petition for delay in the execution until he can lay before the Hawaiian government evidence that will show Seward was an intense supporter of the republican form of government and could not have been identified with any movement to aid the restoration of a monarchy. Judge Slagle's brother, G. W. Slagle, is a brother-in-law of Seward. The petition recites Major Seward's history, his praiseworthy services to this government during the civil war, his constantly expressed love for a republic and ends with a prayer for delay in the execution until further papers can be forwarded. The petition is signed by nearly one hundred well known Pennsylvanians, including clergymen, politicians, lawyers and judges.

It is believed by Judge Slagle that the death sentence will not be inflicted upon Seward. This confidence is based on Judge Slagle's visit to Washington a week ago. While there he saw Secretary Gresham, Senator Joseph Hawley and Minister Thurston. All promised aid and Gresham telegraphed to Minister Willis that it was the wish of this government to have the execution delayed until the guilt of Seward be inquired into thoroughly. It is also learned here that assurances have been given that no death sentence will be carried into effect until an expression can be had from other governments.

Stratford, Feb. 25.—A petition is being circulated and extensively signed in this city asking President Dole, Hawaii, to exercise clemency towards Major Seward, a Conecticut man under sentence of death in Honolulu, for participation in the recent insurrection.

THE WOMEN'S COUNCIL.

Why Mrs. Lovell Won't Wear a Sealskin Sacque.

Washington, Feb. 25.—During the discussion on cruelty to animals Mrs. Lovell of Philadelphia declared that because of the cruelty practiced on seals, she would not wear a sealskin sacque (Ironic cries of oh, greeted this assertion). Cock feathers, Mrs. Lovell declared, were the only ornaments that could be obtained without cruelty and even they were obtained with some pain.

The second week's session of the National Council of Women was opened here at 10 o'clock. Mrs. Sewall occupied the chair. Equal pay for equal work was one of the themes for the morning session. Josefa Humpal Zeman, Chicago, made a ten minutes talk on the relations between the foreign and national elements of the country. Harreita A. Keyser briefly reviewed the same subject. Harreeta Shinn, Ill., spoke of the financial dependence of family poverty. She dwelt upon the subject of woman as a factor in modern business and declared women would remain.

CHESS TOURNAMENT.

The Latest Scores of the Local Game of Chess.

At the local chess tournament being played at the Wilson hotel, the following is the latest score:

Class. Name.	Won.	Lost.
1—T. Piper	17	0
1—J. R. Hunnex	2	3
1—P. Schwengers	0	2
2—W. Marchant	2	0
2—C. Schwengers	2 1-2	3 1-2
2—B. Williams	4	1
3—P. T. Johnston	8 1-2	10 1-2
3—A. Gonnason	5	4
3—Berridge	2	2
4—Earsman	0	2
4—B. Schwengers	5 1-2	1 1-2
4—R. H. Johnston	1 1-2	6 1-2
4—Capt. Clarke	2	3
4—Scowcraft	1	6
4—B. J. Perry	0	6
5—B. Goward	2	1
5—E. Wolff	5	5
5—Lawrie	0	0
5—Scanlan	1	7
5—Phillips	0	7
5—Ayton	9 1-2	8 1-2
5—Bour	1	1

NATIONAL POLICY NOTE.

Even the Backbone of Toryism is Shrinking.

London, Feb. 25.—Canadian Pacific stock dropped 4 5-8 per cent. by noon today from its closing price on Saturday, due to dividends on common stock being passed over. The Pall Mall Gazette says the shareholders are greatly disappointed. The directors, the paper says, have done wisely in not drawing on the reserve.

American News.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 25.—The president to-day nominated Olin Welborn, of California, to be United States district judge for the Southern district of California.

When the amendment appropriating money for the purchase of Blaine's residence was reached Palmer made a point of order against it.

Secretary Carlisle and International Revenue Commissioner Mullen have been confined to their beds from la grippe.

The cruiser Alert sailed from La Libertad to-day for San Jose de Guatemala, where she will remain pending the adjustment of the Mexico-Guatemala boundary.

Brief Locals.

—One of the pleasant events of the lenten season will be a grand concert given in aid of the King's Road R. E. Mission. Among those who have kindly consented to contribute to the success of this worthy object are members of the Arion Club under their well known leader, Mr. W. Greig, Mrs. D. R. Harris, Mrs. J. D. Helmcken, Miss Jameson, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Higgins, and many others whose names will appear later. The concert will be given in the Philharmonic hall on Tuesday evening, March 26, due notice of which will be given.

Mrs. Newrich—Suzanne, tell Robert, the butler, that if he must smoke in the kitchen to use better tobacco.

Suzanne—I did tell him, but he sez they're the best cigars master has.

PERSONAL.

Al. Lindsay returned from the Sound last evening.

Mrs. M. Watson, Duncan's, is at the Oriental.

E. H. Heaps, Vancouver, is registered at the Oriental.

C. P. Obertueffer and wife, of Seattle, are in the city.

C. D. Rand was a passenger for Vancouver last night.

E. A. Jenns, Westminster, is a guest at the New England.

Gus Leiser returned home on the Rosalie yesterday morning.

D. M. Eberts, M.P.P., E. Mohun returned to the city Sunday night.

Ernest V. Bodwell returned last evening from a business trip to Seattle.

Miss Powell and Miss Richards were passengers for the Mainland Sunday night.

T. Glenn Moody went to Seattle on Saturday and returned home last evening.

Superintendent of Indian Affairs Vowell returned from the Mainland Sunday night.

Rev. Mr. Goforth and Rev. Mr. Slimmon, Presbyterian missionaries to China, will be in Victoria next Sunday.

J. E. McDonald, Seattle; Fred W. Wells, Golden; Jno. G. Somerville, wife and daughter, Brandon, Man., are at the Oriental.

WILLIE, OUR OFFICE BOY.

Of stature small and wit unique,
With face that runs down to a peak,
And feet that always want to seek
To shuffle till they make you creep.

You ask a question, but an "Eh?"
Will almost take your breath away;
But sure, that's part of his bye-play
To get you to repeat your say.

Tho' bells should ring and people call,
This boy will calmly wait through all,
And then with matchless grace will go
To find out why you're calling so.

His head is full of eager gleams,
Of plans and matrimonial schemes,
By which he fain would cast adrift
Us girls with some poor men to shift.

—Evelyn Blanche Burns.

MARRIED.

DONLAN-SCANLAN—In Seattle, on Saturday, February 23, 1895, by Rev. Father Prefontaine, John S. Dolan, of Nanaimo, B. C., and Kate Scanlan, of Seattle.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Feb. 24.—J M Nevin, G Leiser, J Donlan, Mrs Donlan, J K Garew, J B St Louis, J Desroches, T E Virgis, Mrs Currier.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Feb. 24.—J Laughton, J A Lindsay, Miss C Dempsey, Geo Westhoff, F H Shermon, E V Bodwell, C P Obertueffer and wife, E H Dalley, J J Morgan, Geo Evans, L Loesman, F M Caldwell, T E Wood and wife.

Per Steamer Charmer from Vancouver—Feb. 24.—J Beveridge, John Dougall, Miss Powell, J C Byrne, Miss Pemberton, Miss Richards, E Clark, T Hall, J Gilbert, A W Vowell, C D Rand, Wm Lough, E Mohun, Gus Hawks, Mrs F W Vincent and daughter, D M Eberts, E A Jenns, J F Gardin, W Willis, J H Senkler, B T Rogers, T S Higginson, E M Wells, W H Lettice, C E Todd, J A Wright, H G Middleton, J T Sommerville, Mrs Somerville, Miss Sommerville.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Feb. 24.—Order S B & Co, N G & Co, Thos Earle, Weller Bros, Weeks & Robson, Express, Jay & Co.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Feb. 24.—G D, T H & Co, H Y & Co, S H E, Vic Elec Co Ltd, Govt Ptg Co, W Bros, Lenz & Leiser, C Titterstone, H B Co, O Bros, Moore & Co, R P Rithet & Co, N W Produce Co, M & C, Thos A Sharp, Mainland N Co, Ben Hastings, Express, T Dunn & Co, S Y Wooton, J S Clute.

Per Steamer Charmer from Vancouver—Feb. 24.—Lenz & Leiser, A W Moore, Order T B & Co, C Braund & Co, Langley & Co, care Bank of B C, Thornton Fell, Mrs V, W & J Wilson, Jno Fullerton, Fell & Co, J Lukor, B Williams, Ames Holden Co, J H Todd, H Waller, Perry & Turner, W D Kinnaird, A Gregg & Son, G P Jackson, S Schoen, G & McC, L Dickinson, Hall & Renouf, R H Jamison, E Wall & Co, H Mansell, W C McDowell, J Piercy, J Hutchison, Sam Reid, Weller Bros, E G Prior & Co, Rev Harris, W P Jaynes, W Blackey, Dom Exp Co.

TO ADVERTISERS.

Orders for changes in the reading of advertisements must be handed in to the Times office before 10 a.m. to insure insertion the same day. New advertisements, displayed, will be received up to 2 p.m. and small ads. until 4 p.m. Merchants and other patrons will aid us a great deal by observing these rules, as the work of re-setting requires time and care, and cannot be done satisfactorily when the paper is being prepared for press.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

SOME PRICES
THAT MEAN BUSINESS

MEN'S SUITS—
Former price $25 . . . now $18
" 20 . . . now 14
" 17 . . . now 12
" 15 . . . now 10
" 13 . . . now 8

MACKINTOSHES
Guaranteed Waterproof
Reduced from $16.50 to . $12.50
" 15.00 to . 10.00
" 10.00 to . 7.00

OVERCOATS—
Reduced from $22 to . . $16.00
" 20 to . . 13.50
" 16 to . . 11.00
" 13 to . . 10.00
" 12 to . . 8.00

MEN'S SHIRTS
White and Colored
Former Price $2.25 . now $1.75
" 2.00 . now 1.50
" 1.50 . now 1.00
" 1.00 . now 65c.

S. REID, 122 Government St.,
Next New England Hotel

GOLDMAN, The Toronto Tailor,
Cor. Broad and View Streets, Opposite Driard.

Carries a first-class stock of Merchant Tailoring Goods which he makes up in the latest styes at the most reasonable prices. First-class fit and workmanship guaranteed. Suits made up of your own goods from $10 and upward. Note the address: Cor. Broad and View Streets, opposite Driard.

AMUSEMENTS.

Under the Distinguished Patronage of His Honor Lieut.-Governor Dewdney and His Worship Mayor Teague.

—ESSE QUAM VIDERE—
Euphonic Orchestral Society
ESTABLISHED 1894.
THE FIRST
GRAND VOCAL and
INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT
Will be given in the Institute Hall, View St., by the above society, in aid of the Food and Shelter Home, on
MONDAY, FEB. 25th, 1895.
TICKETS 50 CENTS.

LOUISVILLE RESTAURANT.

Dinner Bill of Fare, 11 a.m. to 8 p.m.

Julienne Soup, Rice with Tomato.
Fried Halibut, Maitre d' Hotel.
Spring Lamb Sante a la Jardiniere.
Fried Calf Brains, a la Colbert.
Spaguetti Milanaise.
Stewed Tripe, Spanish.
Sirloin of Beef, Horseradish.
Roast Spring Lamb, Mint Sauce.
Roast Duck, Apple Sauce.
Stewed Tomatoes, Sweet Corn.
Baked Potatoes.
Vanilla, Custard, Green Apple Pie, Assorted Cakes, Coffee, Tea, Milk, Cheese, Crackers.
Soup, Fish, Two Kinds of Meat, Vegetables, Pudding or Pie, Fruit, Coffee, Tea, or Milk, 25 Cents.

WELLINGTON COAL
$6.50 PER TON
SWINERTON & ODDY,
110 Government Street.

FOR THE NORTH
The Steamer
BARBARA BOSCOWITZ
Carrying Her Majesty's Mails, will sail for Fort Simpson and way ports via Vancouver on
Wednesday, February 27th,
At 7 o'clock p.m., from Porter's Wharf. For freight or passage apply to
CAPT. J. D. WARREN, Manager,
6 Trounce Avenue.

I Consider
An Ad. In The
Times
As Safe An Investment As A
Government Bond
And Far More
Profitable

CONTINUAL ADVERTISING IS THE
....PRICE OF BUSINESS SUCCESS....

Calendars!
Calendars!
Calendars!

Finest Selection in the City. Ten Varieties.

One given with every pair of boots.
Glad to show visitors the quality of our stock.
Cheap lot of Ladies' Shoes to hand. Ladies' Buttoned Boots (sample fours) are fine goods.
Some of the Babies' Goods still on hand.

Old Country Boot Store,
91 Johnson Street,
Between Broad and Douglas Streets.
JAMES FREEL, Proprietor.

CREIGHTON,
The Tailor.
Will sell at Cost for the NEXT TEN DAYS for CASH only.
Winter and Spring Suitings. Just call and see them, for they are great value for the money you will have to give.

J. W. CREIGHTON,
FINE TAILORING PARLORS,
86 Government St. - - Victoria, B. C.

MERCHANTS' LUNCH
Served at the
Poodle Dog Restaurant
From 12 to 2 with glass of beer or claret, 40 cents.
Regular meals with glass of beer or claret 50 cents.
18 LOUIS MARBOEUF, Pro

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

From Halifax.
Allan Line, Laurentian .... March 2
Allan Line, Numidian .... March 16
Allan Line, Mongolian .... March 30
Dominion Line, Vancouver .... March 9
Dominion Line, Oregon .... March 23
Dominion Line, Labrador .... April 6
From New York.
Cunard Line, Etruria .... March 2
Cunard Line, Aurania .... March 9
American Line, New York .... March 6
American Line, Berlin .... March 13
White Star Line, Britannic .... March 6
White Star Line, Majestic .... March 13
North German Lloyd, Havel .... March 5
North German Lloyd, Trave .... March [illegible]
Anchor Line, Anchoria .... March [illegible]
Anchor Line, Circassia .... March 23
Red Star Line, Waesland .... March 6
Red Star Line, Belgenland .... March 13
From Philadelphia.
American Line, Kensington .... March 2
American Line, Ohio .... March 9

Saloon fares from $40.00 to $90.00, according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $25.00 to $40.00. Steerage, $10.50 to $25.00. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5.00 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10.00 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY, - Agent, Victoria
Cor. Fort and Government Streets.